New Oxford Item.

H. L. SMITH, EDITOR. AN INDEPENDENT LOCAL JOURNAL. ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM

VOL. XXII. NEW OXFORD, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 22, 1901. NO. 45.

GLUTTONY

Is more common than we may think, if we define gluttony as eating beyond the body's need of sustenance and beyond the stomach's capacity for digestion and assimilation of food. That is a fair definition, and it fastens the name glutton on many a person who would resent the term as an insult. The fact of this gluttony is marked by its consequences. The overloaded stomach becomes diseased. The popular term for the condition is "weak" stomach. The "weak" stomach fails in furnishing adequate nutrition for the body, and soon the "weakness" spreads from the stomach to other organs.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It enables the perfect assimilation of food, by which alone the health and strength of the body is maintained.

"Your medicine helped me so much that I cannot praise it too highly," writes Mrs. C. L. Brooks, of Poland, Androscoggin Co., Me. "The first dose I took helped me. I cannot forget how I felt when I took it; I was suffering everything with indigestion, and my stomach was so bloated that it seemed as though it must burst. My husband said he was going for the doctor, but I said if he would get me a bottle of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' I would try that. I had not taken it long when I felt relieved, and have not had a touch of indigestion or stomach trouble since. I had been sick for four years, and less than four bottles cured me. Some people that knew me before I began to take the 'Golden Medical Discovery' tell me that they never saw such a change in any one, and they also say they don't see how I can do such large washings as I do now, when I had not done a washing for so long."

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HARRISBURG LETTER.

Measures That Occupy the Attention of the Lawmakers.

TO MAKE POOL SELLING LEGAL.

Favorable Report on the Bill Presented by a Senate Committee—The Ford Compulsory Education Bill and Game Commission Bill Killed.

Harrisburg, March 20.—Among the bills reported favorably from committee to the senate yesterday afternoon was one which makes pool selling and book making lawful and provides for the appointment of a state racing commission to regulate horse racing.

The bill which permits agricultural societies and driving clubs to carry on horse racing and also allows them to sell pools and make books, which was on the calendar for final passage, was laid over for the present.

The bill providing for bicycle side paths in townships, and providing for the election of side path commissioners, was defeated.

The bill prohibiting the buying of or contracting for, in order to sell again, any poultry or other farm products while on their way to public market was defeated.

Among bills passed finally were: Protecting the fish in the Delaware river, regulating the catching of fish, providing for the payment of license fees for the use of certain devices and nets, and providing penalties for the violation of the act; regulating manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers; providing for the care of persons of aggravated intemperate habits; authorizing courts of quarter sessions to grant license to sell intoxicating liquors at retail, wholesale or by brewers for a longer or shorter period than one year in certain cases.

A memorial was presented to the house yesterday by Mr. Bedford, of Philadelphia, from a large number of citizens of Philadelphia urging important changes in the present ballot system. The signers ask that the constitution and laws be so amended as to accomplish these objects.

When the bill to prevent the pollution of the streams was taken up speeches were made against it by Messrs. Dixon, of Elk, and Van Dyke, of Westmoreland. Mr. Harris, of Clearfield, spoke for the bill. It was defeated by a vote of 121 to 12.

The Ford compulsory education bill was defeated by a vote of 83 to 74.

The bill creating a separate orphans' court in Montgomery county, which was beaten on Wednesday of last week, passed finally by a vote of 113 to 48.

The game commission bill was defeated on final passage.

The house kidnaping bill, which provided death as the maximum punishment, was on Wednesday of last week amended in the senate so that the punishment shall be life imprisonment, or for any term of years at the discretion of the court. As amended the bill passed Thursday by a vote of 34 yeas to 1 nay, Mr. Bernard, of Fayette, voting against the bill.

Among the bills reported favorably from committees to the senate Thursday last was that of Mr. Stineman, of Cambria, which authorizes water companies to condemn property and rights for the purpose of obtaining and supplying water or water power.

Among bills passed finally in the senate were: Establishing a court for the trial of juvenile offenders and providing for the care of such children; authorizing the fishery commissioners to co-operate with New Jersey in assisting to restore the sturgeon fisheries in the Delaware river and bay, and appropriating $750 therefor.

Bills creating a bureau of building and loan associations in the banking department, and permitting such associations to do a banking business, were reported adversely to the house last Thursday.

A bill was introduced in the house last Monday night by Mr. Garner, of Schuylkill county, to prevent the sale of so-called patent or proprietory medicines unless the formula is registered with the secretary of Pennsylvania. The bill provides for a pharmaceutical examining board, who shall receive a fee of $25 for every such formula registered, one-fifth for the use of the secretary as compensation and the balance for the use of the board.

Among bills read in place were: Providing that the president of council in boroughs shall exercise the duties of burgess in the absence or disqualification of that official; appropriating $3,000 for the erection of a marker for the grave of Governor Joseph Ritner, in the church yard at Mount Rock, Cumberland county; providing that the officers of county prisons, workhouses and reformatory institutions shall not employ more than 5 per cent of the whole number of inmates in the manufacture of brooms and brushes and hollow ware and mats and matting and 10 per cent in the manufacture of any other kinds of goods that are manufactured elsewhere in the state; fixing a penalty of $5 for hunting upon private lands without the written permission of the owner.

On motion of Mr. Cooper the companion bill of the Philadelphia "ripper," which provides for the election of the board of revision of the taxes in Philadelphia, was recommitted to the municipal corporations committee.

The general appropriation bill was reported from committee and read the first time without being printed, after which it was recommitted.

The senate was in session only 20 minutes Monday night. The bill appropriating $[illegible] for the completion of the state capitol building was recommitted to the committee on public grounds and buildings for a public hearing.

Mr. Vaughn, of Lackawanna introduced a bill proposing an amendment to the constitution adding at the end of section 7, article 3, the following words: "Unless before it shall be introduced in the general assembly such proposed special or local law shall have been first submitted to a popular vote at a general or special election in the locality or localities to be affected by it;" also a bill authorizing councils of cities of the third class by ordinance to sell or lease at the best price obtainable the coal under any public park or common owned by said city.

Parsimony Cost Nine Lives.

Chicago, March 20.—Sensational testimony given yesterday by Gustave Pollack at the inquest over the victims of the Doremus laundry boiler explosion controverts Proprietor A. P. Doremus' contention that the boiler was inspected a year ago and that a certificate of inspection had hung in the engine room since that time. In the explosion nine persons were killed and 52 injured. Pollack, who was formerly fireman in the laundry, declared there was no certificate of inspection, that the boiler was unsafe and that Engineer Pihl, who was killed, had often reported the fact to Doremus. After Pollack was discharged Pihl had to do the work of both.

Bigamist and Deserter.

Newark, N. J., March 20.—It developed yesterday that Clarence E. Young, the evangelist, who is in jail here awaiting trial on a charge of bigamy, is a deserter from the United States marine corps. As soon as the New Jersey authorities are through with him he will be taken into custody by Maj. A. C. Taylor, of Brooklyn. Young enlisted in Boston Aug. 13, 1900, was ordered to the Philippines Oct. 17, deserted Oct. 18 and the next day married Mary Crinse, who now charges him with bigamy, because on March 1 last he married Martha Snyder in Newark without having first obtained a legal separation.

Welcome Snow in the West.

Omaha, March 20.—Over northern Kansas, Nebraska, South Dakota, Iowa, Wyoming, Kansas, Wisconsin, Michigan and parts of Minnesota a heavy snow fell yesterday, accompanied by a strong wind. It is considered of much value to agricultural interests. In this city and Lincoln the wind blew the snow into huge drifts, and street car traffic was practically suspended. A Burlington train was wrecked last night at Johnston, 50 miles southeast of Lincoln, the engine running into a drift. Fireman reported killed and a brakeman injured.

Industries of York, Pa.

Washington, March 20.—The census bureau yesterday issued a special bulletin on the manufactures of York, Pa. It is the first manufacturers' bulletin of this census. There are 464 manufacturing establishments reported; aggregate capital, $9,674,684 invested; salaried employes, 408; salaries, $442,951; total number of wage earners, 7,687, including 475 children. To obtain the total product, valued at $11,955,836, there was expended $2,037,731 for wages, $9,114,671 for materials and $789,688 for miscellaneous expenses.

Family of Seven Burned to Death.

Wellston, O., March 20.—The charred bodies of Jeff Hill, his wife and five children were found in the smouldering embers of the house in which they lived, two miles northwest of Wellston. The nearest neighbor, Edward McGinnis, discovered the house in flames at a late hour Monday night. It seems that only one door opened out of the room in which the seven members of the family were sleeping. The fire caught in front of that door, blocking the only way of escape.

Three Poisoned by Wild Berries.

Sharon, Pa., March 19.—Three boys in search of wintergreen on Wintergreen hill, about half a mile west of Sharpsville, yesterday afternoon, ate a quantity of poisonous berries and died in terrible agony about an hour later. They were Claude Morford, aged 15; Fred Morford, 17, and Howard Miller, 13. The boys gathered a large quantity of red berries and ate heartily of them. In a very short time the boys were thrown into terrible convulsions and all died within an hour.

RUSSIA'S RIOTOUS STUDENTS.

A Thousand Arrested, Including Three Hundred and Fifty Women.

St. Petersburg, March 20.—Alarm pervades high circles here. The police have notified house owners to have their dvorniks, or house police, report for duty and hold themselves in constant readiness. A company of Cossacks passed the Moscow gate yesterday on the way to Tzarokoe-Selo, 17 miles south of St. Petersburg, where the czar has just removed to. The police said they would escort the czar back to the winter place and that he would return by carriage instead of by rail. It appears more probable, however, that the Cossacks were merely sent to Tzarskoe-Selo as a precaution, since his majesty is more easily protected there than here.

It is apparently confirmed that three students were killed on Sunday. The Cossacks rode into the crowds on the sidewalk and many faces were cut open by their knotted whips. Students and workingmen threw rubber shoes, canes and snowballs at the Cossacks. It is reported that one Cossack was killed.

An official of the political police said 1,000 prisoners were taken, among them being 350 women students. The presence of workingmen among the rioters rendered this demonstration more dangerous than any known in a generation.

A remarkable feature of the demonstrations has been the prominent part taken by women of the higher classes of the university.

RUSSIA'S MODIFICATIONS

Of the Manchurian Convention Confirmed by Prince Ching.

London, March 20.—Dr. Morrison, wiring to The Times from Pekin, says: "Prince Ching received me today and confirmed the information as to Russia's modifications of the Manchurian convention. The Chinese minister at St. Petersburg officially reports that Russia has agreed to eliminate the clause granting her exclusive privileges in Mongolia and Turkestan, and also to modify various other clauses objected to by China. Prince Ching warmly appreciates the assistance rendered China by the intervention of England, the United States and Japan, but he is not optimistic concerning the return of the court to Pekin."

The action of the Russian government precludes the possibility of conflict between the British and Russian forces at Tien Tsin, as was feared.

Desertions From the Navy.

Norfolk, Va., March 20.—More wholesale desertions from the ships at the navy yard are reported. The men who deserted from the Topeka have been apprehended and will be tried by summary court martial. Meantime many of the apprentices and seamen aboard the cruiser Dixie have escaped from the ship. An interesting fact in connection with these desertions is that the men are all of the class of inland lads and lake sailors. It is stated that the total number of deserters from the Dixie will not exceed 81.

Death of Congressman Brosius.

Lancaster, Pa., March 16.—Representative Marriott Brosius last evening had a stroke of apoplexy, which resulted in his death early this morning. On Thursday, while assisting to move a heavy article of furniture in the garret of his home in this city, Mr. Brosius severely bumped his head against a rafter. He suffered great discomfort from the accident, which, however, was not regarded as serious until the attack of apoplexy.

Urging a Meeting of Presidents.

Mexico City, March 19.—Hon. Charles Hamlin, of Boston, formerly assistant secretary of the United States treasury, has arrived here, accompanied by his wife. He advocates as a matter of prime importance to the general welfare and good fellowship of Mexico and the United States that Presidents Diaz and McKinley meet at the border when President McKinley shall go to California.

Elephant Invades Barber Shop.

Indianapolis, March 19.—An elephant escaped from the zoo in West Market street a few minutes before noon yesterday. The animal ran out the front entrance, bolted across the street and through a large plate glass window into a barber shop. While the greatly surprised barbers and their patrons hurried out the door the elephant upset a few chairs and then turned and came out the window. It started down Market street, but was surrounded by a number of the zoo employes and recaptured.

Botha Rejects Peace Terms.

London, March 20.—The issuance of parliamentary papers on the negotiations between Lord Kitchener and Gen. Botha is delayed. Gen. Botha's refusal to accept the peace terms offered him is commented upon with an evident sense of relief. The idea that Lord Kitchener initiated the negotiations instead of Gen. Botha, as has been supposed, is unpalatable to the British press.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

Thursday, March 14.

Missouri's legislature appropriated $1,000,000 for the Louisiana purchase exposition.

The estate of the late Senator Magee, of Pittsburg, is estimated at $4,500,000 to $5,000,000.

Col. William C. Sanger, of New York, succeeds Mr. Meiklejohn as assistant secretary of war.

Henry Rowe, aged 19, and Weston Keiper, 20, held up the Halifax (Pa.) bank, and were escaping with $2,000 when Cashier Ryan interfered and was killed. Both in jail.

During a fire in Brooklyn last night Mrs. George Mackin jumped from a third story window and was killed. Mrs. Mary Burns and an unidentified child were suffocated.

Friday, March 15.

Lotteries, which have been flourishing in Canada, have been entirely suppressed.

Prisoners released by Gen. De Wet, the Boer leader, declare that he is a madman.

Alarmist reports regarding the health of President Diaz, of Mexico, and conspiracies there are absolutely baseless.

Hoxey Barber, 22, and Bartley French, 16, were smothered to death by a floor collapse at Norwood, N. Y., burying them in corn.

Mrs. Cordelia Botkin, sentenced to life imprisonment in California for sending poisoned candy through the mails, which killed Mrs. J. P. Dunning at Dover, Del., has been granted a new trial.

Saturday, March 16.

Thomas J. Alcott has been appointed United States marshal for the district of New Jersey.

All American troops in China, except a legation guard of 150, have been ordered to leave China.

Judge Archbald, at Scranton, Pa., declared the Pittsburg "ripper" bill constitutional. Appealed to supreme court.

Fire in the office of the Boston Daily Advertiser last night did $150,000 damage, and three proof readers were suffocated.

The Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York started from Portsmouth, England, this morning on their trip to the British colonies.

Andrew Carnegie this week gave away upwards of $12,000,000. His latest gifts are $5,200,000 to New York for public libraries, $4,000,000 as a fund for former employes superannuated and $1,000,000 to St. Louis' public library.

Monday, March 18.

Consul General Hay arrived in New York from Pretoria and proceeded to Washington.

A bill in Hawaii's legislature proposes an annual pension of $12,000 for ex-Queen Liliuokalani.

Rev. Elijah Kellogg, well known as a writer of books for boys, died at Harpswell, Me., aged 88.

During a fire in Pittsburg Fireman William Miller was killed and three others injured by a live wire.

A Pekin dispatch says the health of Li Hung Chang is again causing grave anxiety, and his death is feared.

While the steamer New York was en route from Europe an ammonia tank exploded, and two deaths followed.

Tuesday, March 19.

Gen. Wood has appointed Carlos Rolos, a native, treasurer of Cuba.

Near Sharpsville, Pa., three boys died from eating wild berries, mistaking them for wintergreen.

City council of Springfield, Ills., accepted Andrew Carnegie's offer of $75,000 for a public library.

Joseph Rider, inventor of the famous Remington rifle, is dead at his home in Newark, O., aged 84 years.

Hon. Mark S. Brewer, of Michigan, civil service commissioner and ex-congressman, died in Washington, aged 64.

Yesterday was the 64th birthday of ex-President Cleveland, and congratulatory telegrams poured into his Princeton home.

Wednesday, March 20.

A special election will be held in Pittsburg April 16 to elect a successor to the late Senator Magee.

The president has appointed Frederick E. Coyne, now collector at Chicago, postmaster of that city.

President McKinley returned to Washington from Canton yesterday, accompanied by Mrs. McKinley.

The president has signed the commission of Lorin I. Wheeler, now mayor of the city, to be postmaster of Springfield, Ills.

Amos Rusie, the baseball pitcher, who for two years has been out of the game, has signed to play with Cincinnati this season.

Bank Thieves Indicted [illegible]

Harrisburg, March 20.—W[illegible] per and Henry Rowe, wh[illegible] to have shot and killed [illegible] Ryan, cashier of the [illegible] bank, of Halifax, last [illegible] indicted for murder [illegible] be arraigned for trial tomorrow.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The grade crossing keeps up its deadly work. Sometimes it is an express train and sometimes a slow freight train, but the result is the same.

Porto Ricans are now enjoying their first trolley railroad. The folks down there are getting away from Spanish customs at a rate that is positively furious.

Here's the latest in the matter of a death sentence. It was delivered by a South Carolina Judge: "You are to be hanged by the neck until dead, and I hope it will prove a warning to you!"

It certainly does look like people would have no trouble in seeing themselves as others see them when we take into consideration the fact there are 1,850,000 square yards of looking glass manufactured annually in Europe alone.

Some children already born will live to see the beginning of the twenty-first century. The increase in the number of centenarians is one of the most striking indications of improvement in the art of living which this generation has furnished.

Electricians have talked across the Mississippi at St. Paul by telephone without wires, and it is believed that conversations can be carried on in the same way at twelve miles distance. May we not look forward to the time when all the people of the earth will be for social purposes in a single room?

Galveston is fulfilling the predictions made at the time of the calamitous deluge last summer by rapidly increasing its material and commercial importance. In the month of November, 1900, the export trade from Galveston amounted to $25,000,000, or $1,000,000 more than the exports in November, 1899.

Now that the various Australian colonies have become States in what their new Constitution calls "one indissoluble Federal Commonwealth," with a Parliament, Supreme and Federal courts, and uniform customs duties, the nation thus formed shares with the United States a distinction that until now has been held by this country alone.

One little item indicating the prodigality of modern military expenditure is afforded by the fact that to fire a "pompon"—a one-pounder, automatic gun capable of firing 300 cartridges in sixty seconds—costs about $450 per minute. War is costly business. And its greatest cost is not in ammunition, but in nerve tissue, life blood and anguish of spirit.

Up to the era of the completion of the transcontinental railroads millions of bison were roaming over the Western plains. These interesting creatures have been almost exterminated. Only a few hundred of them, at most, can be found anywhere. Nevertheless, some days ago, in Montana, several of the survivors, which had been bred in captivity, were butchered for sale like ordinary domestic cattle.

The tables accompanying the annual report of the United States Commissioner of Education show that New York State has 16.94 per cent. of its population in the public schools. Kansas has 27.87 per cent., the highest of any State. Utah follows with 26.78 per cent. and Iowa with 26.42 per cent., while Pennsylvania, with a smaller population, has a larger number of pupils enrolled than New York, the figures for Pennsylvania being 1,186,146, against 1,179,351 for New York.

President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, in his annual report points out that though quite a number of strikes have been reported during the year, they were not of a defensive character, but rather for higher wages and a shorter workday. Substantial improvements and achievements are noted. During the year 688 strikes were reported, 213,100 persons being involved. Of this number 455 strikes were successful, 106 lost, 74 compromised, and 53 still pending; 217,493 persons were directly benefited while 11,257 were involved in lost or compromised strikes, thus showing that even of the small number of strikes lost the persons involved in them were comparatively infinitesimal to those who gained.

TRIUMPH.

My greatest triumph has been won—
I never shall do a fairer thing!
My rival prospered yesterday;
I heard of it and didn't shun
Him, fearing smiles that he might bring,
But from my heart I put away
The jealousy that had begun
To spring up there, and tried to see
The good in that which he had done—
To feel that all was earned which he
Had gained—and I succeeded, too!
I saw how that in passing me
He had but won what was his due—
I choked down Hate and strove anew!
—S. E. Kiser, in the Chicago Times-Herald.

THE PROMOTION OF PATROLMAN WAGNER.

A TRUE STORY.

BY RAY STANNARD BAKER.

Wagner was so new to brass buttons that he still ran to fires. There are those in the police who do not run after one year's experience: Wagner, being ambitious, had been running nearly three years, and nothing had happened. Wagner is a gymnast as well as a policeman, and he is as proud of his big right arm—it feels, like a new hemp hawser—as he is of his drab helmet.

On a night in April, some years ago, Wagner was patrolling his beat in Lexington avenue, New York, up as far as Seventy-fourth street and back again to Sixty-sixth street, a leisurely tramp of half a mile, although dull from being familiar. A few minutes after 2 o'clock in the morning, as Wagner records in his little book, he saw a fire engine coming up the avenue with horses in full gallop. In the daytime a fire engine is an incident; at night it is an event. This engine turned into Sixty-ninth street and raced to the eastward.

An engine in full steam leaves behind a broad, bright pathway of burning cinders. Wagner followed this path, and it led him straight to the edge of the park. Smoke was already rising in a dim, gray cloud above a brownstone house. It needed a keen eye at that hour of the night to see the building was on fire. In the middle of the street two scantily clad men were gesticulating oddly and pointing upward.

On a narrow ledge that ran just below a fourth-story window stood a girl in a white wrapper. She was crouching, with her hands feeling out along the smooth brick wall and over the edge of the steep mansard roof. She had crept from the open window, and the smoke was now reaching out behind her along the wall. It was about 50 feet down to the stone steps of the areaway, and the ledge was not as wide as a man's two hands.

As Wagner came up, he saw the girl look down as if intending to jump.

"Wait!" he shouted. "I'll help you!"

Then he ran up the steps of the adjoining building, and when the door was opened he dashed up four flights of stairs and ran into a front room. The window was already open. Two men were leaning out and holding the end of a knotted sheet. The ledge ran only the width of the burning building; consequently, although the girl was near the end of it, she was still separated from the men by more than five feet of bare brick wall; and she was two feet below them. They were dangling the sheet ineffectually in her direction and shouting:

"Take hold! take hold!"

The girl made feeble passes at the sheet, but she could not catch it; if she had caught it they would, with the best possible intentions, have dragged her from the ledge, and she would have been dashed to death on the flagging below. She was silent and all but dazed.

Wagner leaned out of the window, his right hand clutching the casing and his left extended in her direction. He called to her to jump.

She glanced down at the gathering crowd in the street, and clutched again at the smooth wall. Wagner knew that the frantic advice of the men below, the hissing of the engines and all the other din of the fire were fast unnerving her.

Fitzgerald, a fireman, now came up the stairs two steps at a time. When Wagner saw him he said, "Hold on to my leg."

Then he straddled the sill, with his right leg in and his left one out. Fitzgerald and one of the citizens grasped his ankle and braced their feet against the sill.

Then Wagner leaned forward, with his left foot pushing on the wall below the window until he stood straight out in mid-air as stiff and firm as the hickory shaft of a hoisting crane. He did not once look below him, or count on the chances of falling. He was facing the girl; slowly he swung toward her.

"Here, reach out!" he shouted.

But she did not hear him. She was trying blindly to turn on the ledge, feeling that escape in this direction was cut off. She was groping for the window that she had come through, not knowing that the room was now in flames from floor to ceiling. Just as she faced about, a sudden gush of fire drove the glass outward from the sashes and shot half a hundred feet in air. The girl shrank back before the heat, looked down, wavered, and then deliberately stepped from the ledge. Her hands were thrown out above her, and those below turned away in horror.

But Wagner had thrown himself violently forward. As the girl shot past him he grasped her arm near the elbow with his right hand. At the sudden checking of the fall her right arm slipped swiftly through his fingers, but at her wrist he held her with a grip of steel. His own body was borne heavily downward; his leg, held by the two men within the window, was violently wrenched over on the sharp stone sill and drawn down with a snap as the girl's body was stopped short in its flight at the length of his arm. And there the two hung, the man holding by one leg, with his head down and his back to the wall, and the girl dangling by one hand far below him. She was a deadweight of 130 pounds.

For a moment Wagner did not move; what with the pain in his leg, the wrench of his arm and the blood in his head, he was convinced that he must let her fall. But his wavering lasted only a second. By sheer strength he lifted her up until he could grasp her arm with his left hand. And then again he lifted, every straining lurch cutting into the leg which Fitzgerald and the citizen still held with grim determination.

The girl was limp and scantily clothed; he could not get a firm hold, and yet slowly and by sheer strength he succeeded in getting his hands under her arms. Then again he lifted, pushing her up across his body, until one of the men above, reaching down, could grasp her arm. Then they pulled her in, unconscious and more dead than alive.

After that, they lifted Wagner and drew him across the sill. They thought his leg was broken, but after a moment Wagner took the girl in his arms and carried her down four flights of stairs to the ambulance.

When Wagner reported for duty the next evening, the sergeant read an order from the chief of police requiring his immediate presence at headquarters. Wagner went with trembling not yet having awakened to his deed. The secretary of police seemed to know him and greeted him familiarly; so did the men of the central detail. Wagner thought it odd. At the midnight roll-call, the chief brought Wagner out and shook him by the hand before them all. Then he conferred upon him the two gold chevrons of a roundsman. Never before in the department had courage won promotion so promptly.—Youth's Companion.

Washington's Original Boundaries.

The original boundaries of the "Territory of Columbia," as defined in the proclamation, included a ten-mile square, starting at Jones' Point, the upper cape of Hunting Creek in Virginia, the two lines beginning at an angle of 45 degrees, and after running far asunder uniting in a terminal point at the junction of the Potomac and the Eastern Branch.

The choice made by the president and his advisers having been abundantly justified by the experience of a hundred years, the story of how this choice was finally accepted by congress may be of some interest today. Various reasons have been given to explain why Philadelphia was not made the capital, among these the frequent and violent epidemics of yellow fever in the Quaker city. In point of fact, the most severe and prolonged outbreaks of fever occurred when congress was in session in Philadelphia, after the whole question of the residence had been finally settled, and the bill in favor of the banks of the Potomac passed.—Anne Hollingsworth Wharton, in "New" Lippincott.

One Way of Avoiding Trouble.

H. S. S. Pearse, a London war correspondent, is responsible for this story of General Buller: The general and Mr. Pearse came home in the same boat. Each evening the band played "God Save the Queen" after dinner on deck. Of course every Briton stood up and removed his head covering. A number of Hollanders, however, remained seated and covered. The Britons were very angry and it was feared that serious trouble might follow. The anxious captain privately consulted General Buller.

"Sir," he said, "I wish you would tell me what you would do under the circumstances if you were commander of this ship."

"Me!" replied Buller. "I should ask the band not to play 'God Save the Queen.'"

The Distinction of Mobile.

Mobile has her superiority as shown by the last census. Mobile is boss in the matter of marriages. More people per 1000 of population get married in Mobile than in any other city in the Union.

If one's thoughts were written on one's face many would need masks.

PREDICT ERUPTIONS.

Volcanoes Have Their Spasms That Scientists Can Foretell.

Careful study of the behavior of volcanoes has enabled observers in recent years to predict with some degree of accuracy when a renewal of plutonic activity is impending. This was the case last summer, when Mount Etna for a few days attracted attention, after seven years of almost complete quiescence. The last eruption had occurred in 1892, but in the autumn of 1898 blue flames began to emerge from the mouth of the largest crater and a great deal of vapor was emitted from the lesser orifices. It was then announced that Etna seemed to be preparing for an effusion of lava, probably on the south or southwest slopes. The expected eruption did not begin till the morning of July 19, 1899, when great volumes of smoke, with lava and sand, began to issue from the main crater, but after several days the activity subsided and Etna soon resumed its peaceful aspect. The present generation hears little of Santorin, among the Cyclades, in the Egean sea, but the volcano will again become a center of interest if the recent statement is true that Santorin is preparing for another series of the terrific explosions and outbursts that have always marked its active periods. For thirty years Santorin has been content with the continuous mild emission of gases, but according to Comptes Rendus of the French Academy of Sciences the volcano now exhibits much unrest and an active period is predicted. It is near the crescent western shore of Thera that Santorin has reared itself and two other lava islands above the sea. When it finally arouses itself after long periods of quiescence, no valcano excels it in the violence of its outbursts. The eruptions between 1866 and 1870, when, according to Reclus, no less than 50,000 of partial eruptions were counted in five years, drew spectators from all parts of the world, including some men of science, whose observations made a distinct addition to our knowledge of volcanic action. In that period the ashes were sometimes thrown to a height of 4,000 feet and the immense outpouring of scoriae more than doubled the size of the island of Nea Kammeni.—Chicago Chronicle.

Lillian, Duchess of Marlborough, has given £1,000 to the Dorking Cottage Hospital in memory of her husband, the late Lord William Beresford.

Under the Ohio game law anyone selling quail or other birds out of season is liable to a fine of $25 for every bird sold.

TO BUILDERS!

CLOSING OUT SALE OF

LUMBER!

Having disposed of my warehouse hay shed, I will continue the

Lumber and Coal

Business at the old stand, and desiring to CLOSE OUT this business I wish to inform the public that my stock of LUMBER is COMPLETE, consisting of White and Yellow Pine of all kinds, Cypress, Poplar and Hemlock Boards, Joist and Scantling of all kinds, White Pine, Hemlock and Cypress Shingles, Roofing Slate, Sash, Doors and Blinds, which I will sell at bottom prices, and as lumber has advanced, it will be to your interest to call and get prices before buying elsewhere. Also a big lot of locust posts, hewed and in the rough.

A. SHEELY,
Pitt St., New Oxford, Pa.

FINE HORSES

on hand at all times
For Sale or Exchange
—AT—
C. J. SMITH'S
Sale and Exchange Stables,
HANOVER.

I would respectfully call the attention of the general public to the fact that I have just received a nice lot of

DRIVING and WORK HORSES.

some of them good leaders.

C. J. SMITH,
Chestnut St., opp. Brodbeck's Warehouse.
HANOVER, PA.

GRAIN and PRODUCE.

Z. H. CASHMAN,

At the Brick Warehouse, HANOVER ST., NEW OXFORD, PA., will buy and sell all kinds of
Wheat, Hay, Straw, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Bran, Middlings, Chop, etc., Also
The Best Brands of Flour,
Coarse and Fine Salt, etc.,
Sellers and buyers will find it to their advantage to give him a call. Free delivery to any part of the borough.
☞Car leaves New Oxford every Thursday Afternoon for Baltimore. Returning, leaves Hillen Station every Friday at 4 o'clock p. m. All orders left with him will receive prompt attention.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

CHARLES K. YEAGER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
NEW OXFORD, PA.
Deeds, bonds, mortgages, wills and all kinds of legal papers promptly and correctly written.

J. L. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
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Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office in Spangler building, 1st square Baltimore Street.

WM. H RSH,
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GETTYSBURG, PA.
All legal business will receive prompt at- ... ...ing of estates a specialty.
Office on Baltimore street opposite Court House

DR. H. ROSS BLACK,
DENTIST—Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late Dr. Faber Bange, No. 8 Carlisle Street, HANOVER, PA.

DR. WM. HOLLINGER,
DENTIST,
Office and Residence,
ABBOTTSTOWN, PA.
Will be at Sunday's hotel, New Oxford, every Wednesday. All the latest appliances.

S. S. NEELY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Office on York street, next door to Gettysburg National Bank.

WM. McSHERRY, Jr.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa. Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office opposite court house.

J. L. BUTT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Office with J. A. Kitzmiller, on second floor of Spengler building on Baltimore street. Prompt attention given to settlement of estates of decedents, minors, etc.; also to conveyancing, liens and collections.

McPHERSON & McPHERSON,
John B. McPherson.
Donald P. McPherson.
Attorneys-at-Law, Gettysburg, Pa.
Office on second floor of "Star and Sentinel" building. Will attend promptly to all legal business submitted to them.

G. J. BENNER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Offices on Baltimore street, in rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Brenneman's Drug Store.

HOTELS.

Hotel Dewey . . .
J. H. McMASTER, Proprietor.
229 South George Street,
. . . YORK, PA.
Good Accommodations at Moderate Charges. Bar stocked with Choice Wines and Liquors. House refurnished and refitted throughout. Give me a call.

CENTRAL HOTEL.
ELIAS FISSEL, - - Prop.,
(Formerly of Globe Hotel).
Baltimore St., - GETTYSBURG, PA.
Two doors from Court House.
Modern Improvements—Steam Heat, Electric Light, Call Bells—all through the house. Closets and Bath Rooms on Every Floor. Sefton & Fleming's Livery is connected with this Hotel. Good Teams and Competent Guides for the Battlefield. Charges Moderate. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

EAGLE HOTEL, New Oxford.
Frank Fleshman, : : Proprietor.
House thoroughly refitted and refurnished. The bar stocked with the choicest wines, liquors and cigars, while the table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market affords. Ample stabling.

HOTEL YANTIS,
One Sq. from Depot, Littlestown, Pa.
G. BROOK YANTIS, Prop'r.
New House, New Furniture, Old Landlord. Up-to-date and first-class throughout.

MARSHALL HOUSE, York, Pa.
Adjoining the Court House.
John S. Baughman, Proprietor.
The bar is stocked with Choice Wines, Beer and Liquors, and fine brands of Cigars. The table is supplied with the best the market affords. Free 'Bus to and from trains. Extensive stabling attached to the hotel.

GEO. F. RABINE,
Practical Barber and Hairdresser,
Eagle Hotel Building,
Centre Square, New Oxford, Pa.
Having opened a first-class Barber Shop in the above named place, I respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.
GIVE ME A CALL.

AUCTIONEERING.
GEO. L. COLESTOCK
Offers his service to the public as Auctioneer. Charges moderate and satisfaction guaranteed. Postoffice address, NEW CHESTER, Adams county, Pa.

. . . ESTABLISHED, 1871 . . .
Rinehart, Childs & Briggs,
Howard and Franklin Sts.,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Flour and Produce Commission House.
Solicit consignments of Pork, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, &c. Guarantee full market prices and immediate returns with the cash. Refer to Z. H. CASHMAN, New Oxford, Pa.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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CENTURY OF WONDERS.

ITS SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERIES HAVE PROFOUNDLY AFFECTED OUR LIFE.

The Nineteenth Will Always Take Position as One of the Most Memorable of Centuries—The Steam Engine Underlies All Our Modern Progress.

The following article was written for the 20th century issue of the New York World by Sir Norman Lockyer, K. C. B., F. R. S., author of "The Sun's Place in Nature," etc.

There can be no doubt that in the future history of the world, for thousands of years, the century that has just passed away will be recorded as one of the most memorable, if not the most memorable, to which attention can be drawn. This high position will be awarded to it on the ground that it is the one which has most profoundly affected the life conditions of the human race.

The salient point about the nineteenth century is that it is the scientific century. Theology, art, learning in the ordinary sense are at the end of it pretty much as they were at the beginning.

The gift of science to the opening years of the century was the steam-engine then coming into common use. Watt's patent expired in 1800. When one reads how it was that Watt achieved one of the most tremendous revolutions recorded in history one cannot help feeling that his position as "mathematical instrument maker to the university" (at Glasgow) had everything to do with it; he lived with his friend Black in an atmosphere of research. The steam-engine, so closely are all scientific applications bound together, underlies all our modern progress, for the reason that hand labor, thanks to it, has been replaced by greater powers.

One of the first applications during this century of the new source of power was to locomotion. This was done by Watt himself and Symmington on the Forth and Clyde Canal in 1802.

Our present enormous battle-ships and mail steamers and our destroyers going at 35 miles an hour, are doubly the result of Watt's work. It is the steam-engine which builds them and drives them when built. It may even be that Mr. Parsons at the end of the century will porve to us that Watt's method of applying steam to marine locomotion can be improved upon for some uses.

Land locomotion by means of steam followed in 1829, the Rocket and the Stockton and Darlington railway inaugurating the long series of engines and railways which now make rapid and safe transit possible almost over the whole surface of the civilized world, both speed and economy being secured by James's invention of the tubular boiler.

Electricity comes next, with its wonderful record of electric telegraph, electric light, electric traction, telephones and wireless telegraphy, and all since 1836. Of the applications of electricity, after what has happened, he would be a bold man who would venture to predict where they will stop, or that no equality striking developments are yet in store for us. If they come it will be because the future will produce its Faradays or its Kelvins.

The saving of the lives of our sailors by storm warnings and the study of the laws of storms is one of the applications of the science of meteorology which the century has brought us—a result undreamed of by him who first "weighed the air." Nor do the benefits of science to our seafaring and seagoing populations end here. Ocean currents as well as air currents have been investigated and charted by hydrographers, who have added to these benefits by maps showing depths, so that now the contours of the bottom of seas and oceans are nearly as well known as those of the land surfaces.

More than this man himself has been proved to have been present on the scene contemporaneously with many now extinct animals at a time long antecedent to that favored by Archbishop Usher. This work has been extended by the modern science of archaeology, which has demonstrated the existence of settled communities and by no means rude civilizations thousands of years ago, and it is now evident that "in the noblest study of mankind" the geologist and archaeologist must work together to dive still further into man's early history.

But there has also been another very practical application of geological study. Geography long ago gave us maps of land surfaces; geology has now based upon them geological maps of priceless value to all interested in the products of the mine.

It was formerly thought that the study of organic nature could have no possible application; that the study of animals and plants led to classification chiefly if not exclusively.

In this region of thought we find another revolution as striking, if not more striking, than those already referred to. The genius of Darwin has evolved from this study "the origin of species"—that is the real cause of the introduction of new forms—and has brought us in presence of the work of evolution in moulding the animal and vegetable kingdom through the vast geological periods, and, what is more important from the practical point of view, in our own times. While I am writing there is an international conference sitting on hybridization of plants and animals in direct relation to Darwin's work. This shows the way in which the most abstract generalization of science may affect industry. It was stated at the conference that the whole orange industry of Florida must be abandoned unless a hybrid can be secured which will stand frost.

Medicine and astronomy are certainly the most ancient of the sciences, and yet, strange to tell, the advances here have equalled any other to which I have referred.

I am an old man now, but still I distinctly remember how large in my youth was the number of faces marked with the small-pox encountered in an hour's walk. Such sights and the deaths and ravages caused by this fell disease have practically been abolished by vaccination introduced by Jenner in the first half of the century. Pasteur and Lister have made for themselves immortal names since then, and at the end of the century we find ourselves on the track of the causes of most diseases. The germs from which they spring are known, and preventive medicine is now a well-understood science. Hydrophobia, diphtheria, consumption and other dire human maladies show signs of capitulation, while Listerism enables the surgeon to succeed in operations which were formerly never attempted.

Much of this tremendous alleviation of human pain and the attendant increase in the span of life have depended upon the improvement in the microscope brought about by the study of optics. Strangely enough, the last important progress to which I shall refer comes to a large extent from the same source.

The earliest victories of astronomy were achieved without any instrument. The horizon formed the only point of available reference; then came instruments without the telescope and clock; next these were added. The steam-engine, improvements in the manufacture of glass followed, and permitted the construction of enormous telescopes. Finally we have the optical studies, to which I have referred, carried on in strict alliance with chemistry. Celestial objects which the human eye will never see are now studied in a hundred ways by means of photography, and the heavens have been expanded for us a thousand-fold, and chemistry has not stopped there. The substances of which the most distant worlds are composed are now well within our ken.

With hundreds of thousands of firm facts at our disposal we can now watch the gradual formations of worlds and study both cause and effect. Hence a new idea of cosmical evolution, and hence also an idea of another evolution which deals with the gradual formation of the chemical substances of which our own earth as well as the distant worlds are built up.

All the world knows of the many applications of the old astronomy, some of which have been so improved in recent years that a ship at 16 knots speed can determine her position to a mile in any part of the trackless ocean. The applications of the new astronomy are yet to seek, but they will come.

The Disturbing Snore.

It was just at the most impressive point of the great Shakespearian production. The big audience gazed spellbound at the massive splendor of the stage, and drank in eagerly the impassioned eloquence of the famous actor. His subtle art had touched a responsive chord in the hearts of his hearers. The quiet intensity of the scene caused men and women to hold their breaths. The stillness was almost death-like. It was a triumph of illusion. And just then a man snored—a gentle, peaceful snore that told of refreshing slumber. The tension was broken. People laughed hysterically, as they do when sharply contrasted emotions are brought suddenly and unexpectedly into play. Again and again came that gentle snore, and finally it was drowned in a rustling of gowns and a buzz of comment as people turned to look. The great actor, who boasts the eccentricity of genius, knew that something had happened, but it is doubtful if the snore had penetrated across the footlights. He halted, paused a moment, and then went on, but with a noticeable coldness of manner. Had he known the truth he might have rung down the curtain, for de does such things.—Philadelphia Record.

Russian Bells.

The manufcture of bells has for centuries been carried on in Russia. On account of the immense number of churches throughout the empire, the demand for bells has always been great. As far back as 1653 the celebrated bell, called "Tyar Kolokol," was made. It is the largest bell in the world, being 16 feet in diameter and 19 feet high. No less than 177 tons of copper were used in its manufacture.

TAGGED FISHES IN THE SEA.

Some Things the Government Learned From Fishes That Came Back.

It seems rather an odd idea to fasten metal tags to marine fishes and then let them loose in the ocean with the idea of identifying them as individuals in case they happen to be caught at a future time; but this is what the United States fish commission is doing just now with cod, 1500 of which have been duly tagged and released this year. No tags are alike, the markings on them being stamped in a series of letters and numbers, record of which is kept in a book in such manner that if a tagged confish turns up, a moment's reference to the memoranda will furnish the history of that particular specimen, with date of liberation weight and so forth. For example, a cod wearing a tag with the raised inscription "S 100" has a complete identification card, so that she cannot be mixed up with any other fish entered in the commission's ledger.

Only "brood fish"—that is, spawning females—are tagged. They are bought from fishermen, stripped of their eggs at Wood's Hole, Mass., and liberated in the waters of Vineyard Sound, after having the tags attached to them. The tag is a small piece of copper, securely fastened by a wire passed through the body. It does not matter which fin is chosen, though a back or tail fin is best. The tag is very light and its attachment in the manner described does no harm whatever to the animal. During the last few months the fish commission has distributed a circular all along the coast of New England, requesting that whenever a cod with a tag comes into the hands of a fisherman or other person, he shall remove the piece of metal and send it to the commission station at Wood's Hole, together with a brief statement as to the date on which the fish was caught, where it was captured, its weight before dressed, its length and the condition of its roe.

The object of the tagging is to ascertain the rate at which a cod grows, the frequency of its spawning, and the extent of its travels in the ocean. Knowledge of this kind has an obvious bearing upon fishcultural problems, and there is every reason to believe that the future of the cod fishery off the New England coast must depend mainly upon artificial hatching. The hatching of cod eggs and the planting of the fry in those waters has been carried on for several years, and already the fishery shows a notable improvement apparently due to this work. During the past year, there were planted in New England waters 250,000,000 codfish.

This year the fish commission is going to bag many thousand of young salmon, artificially hatched for the rivers of the Pacific coast. Very small tags will be used, the fishes being "fingerlings," about three inches long. It is expected that in this way it will be ascertained the age at which the salmon come from the sea to spawn; also their rate of growth and the percentage of the fry that attain maturity. The work will be carried on in the basins of the Columbia and Sacramento.

Some years ago a similar experiment was made at the fish commission station on the Clackamas river, which is a tributary to the Columbia; but, instead of tagging the young fishes, the soft dorsal fins were shaved off them with a razor before they were released. When they came back to spawn, three years later, they averaged 20 pounds in weight.

From this experiment one or two very interesting conclusions were drawn. If all of the artificially hatched fry had survived and been captured, it is obvious that 1000 of them would have contributed 20,000 pounds of food fish for market. As a matter of fact, only one out of ten of them returned, and was taken, the result being 2000 pounds of fish for every 1000 young ones liberated.—Washington Times.

High-Priced Farm Land.

The highest priced land can be made to pay if compelled to produce to its fullest capacity. In China an acre of land in a favorable location rents for a sum equal to $100 per year, and the renter makes a living from a few acres. In Belgium the farmers make small farms pay and they expend large sums in the effort. Nothing goes to waste, and the work is done mostly by hand. Even wheat plants are worked with hoes. Labor may be cheap in those countries, but in America the wheel hoe, seed drill and other hand implements permit the farmer or gardener of the present day to perform more work in a day than was formerly done by four or five men with hoes. The fact that in those countries where the farmers are compelled to use small areas the crops are enormous and the people thrifty in the face of high rents is evidence that our farmers use too much land. In England some farms cost more in rent every year than the value of a farm in this country, and yet the English farmer makes money with sheep and turnips as his main reliance.—Philadelphia Record.

THE NERVES OF WOMEN

"I am so nervous and wretched." "I feel as if I should fly." How familiar these expressions are! Little things annoy you and make you irritable. You can't sleep, you are unfit for ordinary duties, and are subject to dizziness.

That bearing-down sensation helps to make you feel miserable.

You have backache and pains low down in the side, pain in top of head, later on at the base of the brain.

Such a condition points unerringly to serious uterine trouble.

If you had written to Mrs. Pinkham when you first experienced impaired vitality, you would have been spared these hours of awful suffering.

Happiness will be gone out of your life forever, my sister, unless you act promptly. Procure **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once. It is absolutely sure to help you. Then write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., if there is anything about your case you do not understand.

You need not be afraid to tell her the things you could not explain to the doctor—your letter is seen only by women and is absolutely confidential. Mrs. Pinkham's vast experience with such troubles enables her to tell you just what is best for you, and she will charge you nothing for her advice.

Mrs. Valentine Tells of Happy Results Accomplished by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

MRS. W. P. VALENTINE.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It is with pleasure that I add my testimony to your list, hoping it may induce others to avail themselves of the benefit of your valuable remedy. Before taking **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** I felt very bad, was terribly nervous and tired, had sick headaches, no appetite, gnawing pain in stomach, pain in my back and right side, and so weak I could scarcely stand. I was not able to do anything. Had sharp pains all through my body. Before I had taken half a bottle of your medicine, I found myself improving. I continued its use until I had taken four bottles, and felt so well that I did not need to take any more. I am like a new person, and your medicine shall always have my praise."—MRS. W. P. VALENTINE, 566 Ferry Avenue, Camden, N. J.

$5000 REWARD

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who can show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

Indians living on the eastern end of the Keshena reservation, near Oconto, Wis., have been holding their annual "dog feast." In old days dogs were fattened specially for these feasts, roasted and eaten with relish, but now pork, chicken, turkey and whisky (if the alcoholic item in the menu can be obtained) are far preferable to cooked dogs of any degree of excellence.

The Scriptures make frequent mention of the practice of irrigation in the arid Holy Lands, and from Persian, Greek and Roman writers we learn that in all the Mediterranean countries of old the people were more or less familiar with the art.

When you have a headache, take a Garfield Headache Powder; it will cure the pain and relieve the accompanying nervousness and depression; it is the simplest and best remedy; it is made from herbs; it cannot harm.

A proposition is being urged in Tennessee to increase the salary of the governor to $5,000 a year. It is now $4,000. It is thought also that the State should supply an executive mansion for his use.

It requires no experience to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Simply boiling your goods in the dye is all that is necessary.

Salmon fry in Oregon are fed on canned heads and tails of salmon till they are old enough to be planted in the rivers.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

The bottom of the deep sea is a land of phosphorescent light, where almost every animal there is a light-giver.

Science Discards Brute Force in medicine. Hoxsie's Croup Cure contains ONLY the spirit of drugs and defies Croup, Bronchitis, Pneumonia and Diphtheria. 50 cts.

Spanish sheep are white, except those of La Mancha, which are black.

LIBBY'S Premier Soups

TEN CENTS

Libby's soups are as good as soups can be. Some cooks may know how to make soups as good. None can make them better—none so cheaply. Six plates of delicious soup for 10 cents—and think of the bother saved!

Oxtail, Mullagataway, Chicken, Mock Turtle, Tomato, Vegetable, and Chicken Gumbo.

At your grocers, in cans ready for instant serving—just heat them.

LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY Chicago

Write for our booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

P. N. U. 7, 1901.

GREEN A RAPE costs 25 cents per TON!

Greatest, Cheapest Food on Earth for Sheep, Swine, Cattle, Poultry, etc.

Will be worth $100 to you to read what Salzer's catalog says about rape.

Billion Dollar Grass

will positively make you rich; 12 tons of hay and lots of pasture per acre, so also Brome, Peren. Spelts (100 bu. oats, 250 bu. oats per a.), etc., etc.

For this Notice and 10c. we mail big catalog and 10 Farm Seed Novelties, fully worth $10 to get a start.

For 14c. 7 splendid vegetable and 2 brilliant flower seed packages and catalog.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE, WIS.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE ITEM;

NEW OXFORD, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 22, 1901.

By an act passed by Congress in the closing hours of the late session, the tax was repealed upon bank checks, certificates of deposits, promisory notes, money orders, express receipts, telephone and telegraph messages, miscellaneous bonds, conveyances below $2,500, insurance policies, leases, manifests, motgages, power of attorney and protests. The appeal will reduce taxation about $41,000,000. The act goes into effect July 1, next.

The recent rains have not improved the conditions of springs and wells to any appreciable extent. The rains which were the heaviest for quite a long time could not penetrate the earth to any depth because of the deep frost yet in the ground, and consequently most of the water ran of into the creeks and rivers causing floods, but doing little to break the drought which has caused so great a scarcity of water in many sections of the state.

Political friends and enemies join in heartfelt regrets over the death of ex-President Benjamin Harrison. Foreign nations join in expressions of admiration for the great man whose life has gone out so suddenly. The universal opinion is that Benjamin Harrison's career fills one of the brightest pages of American history and the future historian will record his name as one of the greatest of American great men who have won honor and fame.

If the wealthy men of the country would follow the example of Andrew Carnegie in giving away during their life time a portion of their large fortunes for the general good, there would not be near so much prejudice against the wealthy in the minds of the poor. Carnegie seems to enjoy giving away money and in addition has the satisfaction of seeing how his benefactions help the people. He is building an enduring monument to his name that will last when other millionaires will be forgotten and their wealth scattered to the four winds of the heavens.

What Next?

It is announced by a New York dispatch that Edison, the electric wizard, has invented a storage battery on which he has been working for several years that will virtually make coal and steam useless. It is claimed that the new invention is on an entirely different plan from any other storage battery. Moreover, that it will revolutionize manufacturing and commerce, and be so far-reaching in its utility that the farmers may ever run their plows by electricity.

Expensive Rowdyism.

A dispatch from Washington states that more than thirty claims for damages have been filed with the police of Washington city against Pennsylvania on account of the depredations of the troops of this State while they were in that city for inauguration of President McKinley on the 4th instant. The claims aggregate more than $1,000. It is to be regretted that the pleasures of an occasion of this nature should be marred by a few drunken men and disgrace brought upon our State.

Narrowly Escaped Drowning.

On Monday as Mr. Henry Darr, the mail carrier between York Springs and Bigmount, attempted to cross the Conewago creek at Diehl's mill, he met with an accident that nearly cost his life. In a deep and swift current between the two bridges his horse became entangled in some fence wire that the water had carried into the road, in some way the horse got loose from the buggy and then both horse and buggy with Mr. Darr in it were carried down the stream. The horse swam ashore and fortunately the buggy was carried by the current against two trees and was thus stopped, no doubt saving the life of Mr. Darr. He complacently kept his seat in the buggy until the flood subsided and then stepped out of a clean washed buggy on dry land. Ordinarily there is no water where this swift current is during floods. This was the highest water since the big flood that carried the bridges away around town. —News.

Fire Saturday evening at Mt. Holly, Cumberland county, destroyed the residences of Mrs. Margaret Strohmn and George Johnson, with the household goods

Peter Greenbaigh, of Venango, found $4250 hidden in an old safe which he bought at a public sale for $7.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS

We Can Save You Money.
On Carpets, Oil Cloths,
—Tickings, Feathers and all kinds of—
HOUSE FURNISHINGS.
We give you premiums on Cash purchases, such as Mirrors, Pictures, Silverware, Rockers or anything you want.

-:G. B. NACE & SON.:-

Next Door to Saving Fund Society, HANOVER, PA.

☞Highest prices paid for Good Carpet Rags.

Excursion to Baltimore.

A $1 excursion to Baltimore will be run under the auspices of St. Paul's Lutheran church, of New Oxford, on Thursday, March 28th. Following is schedule train:—

Leave Gettysburg at 7:15, Granite 7:26, Gulden's 7:29, Brush Run 7:34, New Oxford 7:40, Berlin Junction 7:44, Hendrix 7:47, Hanover 7:58 Arriving at Hillen Station 9:57 a. m. Returning leave Hillen Station at 6:23 p. m.

Hampton Items.

Miss Carrie Hantz, of this place, visited friends at East Berlin last week.

Mr. Jacob Hartman and wife, of Pine Run, were the guests of Mr. M. D. Neidick and wife, on Sunday.

Services in the reformed church, this place, this Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. John Wolf and children, of York, is home visiting her parents, Mr. Henry Hantz and family, of this place.

Mr. Harry Fickes, of this place, who had been suffering with rheumatism for some time, is able to be out again.

Miss Laura Kraber, of Bowlder, was the guest of Miss Georgia Slagle of this place, on Sunday.

Mrs. Lizzie Shaffer and son, Harry, of York, were recent guests of Mr. John P. Swartz and family, of this place.

The Lutheran Sunday school of this place intend holding their Easter entertainment on Easter evening. H.

Both Feet Amputated.

It was hoped when Bert Frininger, the fourteen-year-old son of Jonas W. Frininger, of Westminster, was sent to the Maryland General Hospital, several weeks ago, that his feet, which had been badly frosted, would be saved; but the hope has not been realized. Gangrene set in and both feet were amputated. It will be remembered that Bert, who was in the employ of a farmer in Myers' district, disappeared on Friday evening and was not seen again until the following Tuesday. It was reported that he was found in a haymow in the barn, where he had gone the same evening that he disappeared, and where he said he had remained until found. The fact is however, that he voluntarily went to the house to which he was able to walk, and some hours elapsed before the condition of his feet was discovered. Dr Stewart treated the boy until the following Saturday, when he was taken to his home, and the same day was taken to the hospital. Bert now alleges that he was cruelly treated by the farmer, but his parents declare in positive terms that he was treated with unchanging and constant kindness, a fact of which they have abundant evidence.—Westminster Sentinel.

Bequests to Churches.

The late John Laughlin, of York, buried at Gettysburg, Thursday, in his will, makes bequests to his nephews and nieces and to several cousins,—the greater part of the estate, however, being given for Methodist benevolent purposes.

To the Gettysburg Methodist Church, of which deceased was a member for many years, he bequeathed the sum of $500.

The Duke street M. E. Church, York, of which deceased was a member, gets $500 cash and the interest of $500 for the pastor's salary every year.

The residue of the estate, estimated at $10,000 to $12,000, goes to the General Foreign Missionary Society of the M. E. Church.

When Mr. Laughlin was a young man he said he promised the Lord to leave most of his money to the missionary society if He prospered him.

Mrs. W. R. Rutter, of Stowe, near Pottstown, who weighed nearly 500 pounds, was the heaviest person that ever lived in that section. Her funeral took place Saturday, and before the casket could be gotten out of the house the frame of the door had to be removed. It required ten men to lower the coffin into the grave. No hearse large enough could be secured, and some other sort of vehicle had to be used to convey the body to the cemetery

Prof. Ivison, of Lonaconing, Md., suffered terribly from neuralgia of the stomach and indigestion for thirteen years and after the doctors failed to cure him they fed him on morphine. A friend advised the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and after taking a few bottles of it he says, "It has cured me entirely. I can't say too much for Kodol Dyspepsia Cure." It digests what you eat. Randolp Wehler

Proposals. . .

The Town Council of the Borough of New Oxford will receive and open bids for the operating and caring for the Borough's pumping plant during the ensuing year, on TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 2nd, 1901, at 7 o'clock. The bids should be per month. The Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of COUNCIL.

M. J. SMITH, Sec'y.

Bonds Wanted!

Any person having NEW OXFORD WATER BONDS and desire to have them redeemed can get par and accrued interest therefor by presenting them at the store of the Treasurer, J. E. C Miller New Oxford, Pa., at any time previous to April 1st, 1901.

BY ORDER OF COUNCIL.

M. J. SMITH, Sec'y.

BOROUGH ACCOUNT

For year ending March 4, 1901

J. E. C. Miller, Treasurer, in account with the Borough of New Oxford, Pa.

DEBTOR.—BOROUGH.

Balance from last audit	$ 136 78
Rec'd from Taxes, 1900	549 72
" Taxes, 1899	32 03
" Insurance	35
" Borough Licences	3 00
" Hotel Licenses	228 00
" Fines	5 00
" Pavement, (J. O. S.)	65 00
	$1020 38

DEBTOR.—WATER.

Balance from last audit	$ 419 81
Rec'd from Water Rent	611 06
" Taps	66 00
" Taxes, 1899	32 03
" Taxes, 1900	549 71
	$1678 61

CR.—BOROUGH.

Paid for Auditing	$ 3 00
Illuminating Oil, &c	139 06
Spails, &c	4 50
Painting and carpentering	13 13
Serving notices	4 00
Lamplighting	118 11
Labor	82 83
Printing and publishing	9 50
Final payment on hose	200 00
Sec'y salary	25 00
Treas. fees '99-'00	9 05
Blacksmithing	3 13
Attys. fees, '99 and '00	40 00
Repairing stoves, clock, etc	9 35
Lumber and coal	46 67
Hardware, &c	24 68
Surveying	4 00
Lamps	29 14
Freight	10 45
Brick	43 75
Masonry	13 60
Sand	30 80
Printing, publishing and transcribing ordinances	30 00
Crossing plates, etc	13 88
Crossing stone	38 10
Recording charter	5 00
Postage, taxes, &c	5 00
Winding clock	12 00
Police salary	15 00
Janitor's Salary, engine house	30 00
Balance in treasury	11 67
	$1020 38

CR.—WATER.

Paid for pumping and incidental expenses	$ 110 74
Treas. salary, '00	8 33
Interest on Bonds	564 00
Sec'y, collecting, etc	25 00
Battery and Guage	6 14
Oil, etc	65 57
Tapping, etc	107 15
Labor	9 85
Printing, Publishing, Stationery, &c	9 00
State tax on Bonds	56 40
Bal. in Treasury	716 42
	$1678 61

RECAPITULATION.

Received from all sources	$2698 99
Expenses for all purposes	1970 50
Bal. in Treasury	728 09
Outstanding Taxes	29 20

Deposited of Water Acct. at 3 per ct. $400 00

WE the undersigned, Auditors of the Borough of New Oxford, Pa., having been duly sworn according to law, report that we have examined the foregoing accounts of the Treasurer of said Borough of New Oxford for the year ending March 4, 1901, and we find the above accounts correct, with the outstanding taxes $29 20 —$10 57 borough taxes and $9 63 water taxes.

E. E. DITTENHAFER, W. A. DITZLER, WM. J. WOLF, } Auditors.

New Oxford, March 4, 1901.

G. W. WEAVER & SON. G. W. WEAVER & SON.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

The Last Call on Ladies' Jackets and Capes.

1-2 Price.

1-2 Price.

1-2 Price.

1-2 Price.

1-2 Price.

About 50 Jacket, ... of This Season's Cut and Style.

These are in Black, Tans and Royal Navy—the regular price ranging from $3.90 to $14.00,

Price Cut in Two.

Misses & Children's Jackets.

Price Cut in Two.

About 50 Cloth, ... Golf and Plush Capes.

—All of this season's cut—

Price Cut in Two.

About 10 Tab Collorettes,

good quality, were $8.00 to $14.00.

Price Cut in Two.

To Avoid a Disappointment—Come Soon.

The Leaders
G. W. Weaver & Son.

NEW OXFORD
Bargain Grocery Store.

—POTATOES and CABBAGE.—

We have on hand at all times several hundred bushels of Potatoes to sell at bottom prices. Will also have at all times a lot of Cabbage.

Apples by the barrel. Oranges by the box. Peanuts by the bushel or sack.—All at Wholesale Prices.

☞Don't forget about Merry War Lye, 4 boxes for 25c, good as any others at 3 for 25c.

New Mackerel 8c. piece.

Specials For This Week:

Dark Brown Sugar—7 lbs for 25 cents.
Light Brown Sugar at 5c.
Coffee 4c lb. up. Dates 5c lb.
Extra nice Peaches at 9c.—3 lbs. for 25 cts.
Prunes 5c. per lb. SAUER KRAUT 6c per quart.

☞Remember this is the place to buy **Tin, Granite and Chinaware** cheap.

GOODS DELIVERED TO YOUR DOOR.

Bring along your Eggs, Lard, Cured Meats, Chickens, Calves, &c., I have a retail route in the city for ALL COUNTRY PRODUCE and therefore can pay the highest price in trade. If you can't take all in trade I will pay the differrnce in cash at highest cash price.

E. E. FREED,

(Successor to C. E. Diehl,) Carlisle St., NEW OXFORD, PA.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of NICHOLAS LINGG, late of Oxford township, Adams county, Pa., dec'd.

Letters of Administration, d. b. n. c. t. a. on the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the same are hereby notified to present them properly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted thereto, will please make immediate payment.

HENRY LINGG, Admr.
Emmitsburg, Md.

McClean & McClean, Attys. Gettysburg.

Administratr 's Notice.

Estate of Mrs Elizabeth Grove, late of New Oxford Borough, Adams county, dec'd.

Letters of Administration, c. t. a., on the above named estate have been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for payment, and those indebted thereto, will please make immediate payment.

JOS. E. BOWSER,
Administrator, c. t. a.,
East Berlin, Pa.

C. W. STONER
Attorney.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

[illegible] the States are cor- [illegible] astically interested [illegible] and will participate, [illegible] heartily in the [illegible] its success consist- [illegible], held by those who [illegible] plans and such as will [illegible] justify the pride, faith and confidence of the people who first took up and encouraged by every means within their power the holding of a Pan American Exposition—at a seemingly most appropriate place—within earshot, as it is, of the world's great est cataract and amid the truly marvelous wonderful applications of [illegible] now being trans- [illegible] great leap of waters.

By [illegible] the Resources of the Americas.

[illegible] reasons why it [illegible] opportune moment had been [illegible] to hold a Pan-American Exposition [illegible] also why the people of the Western Hemisphere should be in [illegible] learn much of great advantage to them from such a bringing together of the resources of the Americas as the event anticipated and desired to [illegible] will be given [illegible] letter [illegible] a sense [illegible] exist [illegible] the Ameri- cas [illegible] and as to [illegible] the atti- tude of the United States toward them that has from [illegible] always dor- mant in the Latin American republics [illegible] of a [illegible] ing of [illegible] of a [illegible] some day connect- [illegible] the hemisphere, the [illegible] tages in our rela- [illegible] America that are cer- [illegible] assimilation among [illegible] language since the [illegible] is now going on in [illegible] and the striking [illegible] and business [illegible] with Porto Rico, [illegible] Philippines will bring [illegible] factors and things [illegible] to all the people [illegible] sphere, and each [illegible] benefited to [illegible] every way by the hold- [illegible] American Exposition.

[illegible] national enterprise shall [illegible] in any of the direc- [illegible] and if it shall [illegible] as a result to any degree [illegible] to the "better acquaint- [illegible] the people of the West- [illegible] and thus tend to bring [illegible] accurate knowledge [illegible] possess of each other's [illegible] and a truer ap- [illegible] their industrial interde- [illegible] each other, it will not [illegible] in vain.

HORTICULTURE EXHIBIT.

Will Be One of the Principal Features of the Exposition.

Horticulture, viticulture and floriculture are linked together in one great class. In the midst of a country of orchards and vineyards the Pan-American Exposition will have abundant material close at hand and of the finest quality from which to make an exhibit worthy of the great event. The extensive floral decorations of the grounds constitute a rich display in floriculture, and several acres, including hundreds of beds [illegible] devoted to the exhibits [illegible] florists of the country. Flowers in profusion will welcome the earnest visitors and breathe out their fragrance and display their incomparable beauty the season through. Thousands of trees and shrubs flourish throughout the grounds. Double rows of thrifty trees surround the principal buildings. Foliage and flowers there will be in great profusion. In the horticultural embellishment of the grounds the Pan American will far surpass the efforts of all former expositions.

In the handsome and commodious Horticultural Building all the popular fruits of the different countries represented at the Pan-American Exposition will be displayed. With a suitable refrigerating plant upon the grounds, it will be possible for the management to make a fresh display of fruit. Throughout the term of the Exposition certain fruits are at their best, special displays will be made of certain varieties. The exhibit from southern California will be particularly large, and New York and other states will be represented befittingly. Bottled productions will also have a place here, the wine growers of the Chautauqua, central New York and Hudson river regions having applied for space for extensive exhibits. The opportunity for a timely display of choice native fruits will be improved. Dried and preserved fruits will be exhibited here. Articles and appliances used in horticulture will also be shown in this division.

The exhibits of nursery stock, including orchard and ornamental trees, shrubs and evergreens, will be unquestionably among the finest, if not the finest, ever made. The most prominent nurserymen in the country have interested themselves and will aim to outdo any former show of the kind. No less interest is taken by the leading florists, who are arranging exceptionally fine displays. Many large beds of flowers were planted some months ago, and they will aid in beautifying the scene from the early days of the Exposition.

MARK BENNITT

Subscribe for the ITEM. Only $1.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

Thursday, March 7.

An agreement between Chicago contractors and carpenters will prevent carpenters' strikes for two years at least.

The total population of Alaska in 1900, as shown by the returns of the twelfth census, is 63,592, as against 32,052 for 1890.

A bill passed the lower house of Indiana's legislature which provides for the dismissal of any sheriff whose prisoner may be lynched.

Robert S. McCormick, of Chicago, who was secretary of legation under Minister Lincoln at London, has been appointed minister to Austria.

Friday, March 8.

Signor Pansa, now Italian ambassador at Constantinople, is to be transferred to London.

The house of the Texas legislature voted down a resolution inviting Mrs. Carrie Nation to visit Texas.

Lehigh university, at Bethlehem, Pa., has 445 students, representing 27 states and 12 foreign countries.

State Senator C. L. Magee, leader of the "insurgent" Pennsylvania Republicans, died in Harrisburg, aged 53.

President McKinley issued an executive order abolishing export duty on tobacco from Cuba from April 1 next.

The long deadlock in Montana's legislature ended by the election of Paris Gibson, Democrat, as United States senator.

Prominent sporting men of Boston have selected Bermuda as the mecca of boxers, and a club house will be opened there, to be managed by John L. Sullivan.

Saturday, March 9.

The extraordinary session of the national senate adjourned today until the first Monday in December.

The health of Count Tolstoi, the novelist and social reformer, is occasioning uneasiness in Russia.

A jubilee convention of Young Men's Christian Associations of North America will open in Boston June 11.

The strike in Havana has been settled, the stevedores, lightermen and carmen returning to work at a compromise.

Owing to German press opposition, Lord Roberts has "returned with thanks" the insignia of the Order of the Black Eagle conferred by Emperor William.

Monday, March 11.

The physicians of Li Hung Chang declare that his life hangs by a thread.

United States Consul Hay, of Pretoria, left London for New York Saturday.

Gen. John Palmer, ex-commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., may be appointed pension commissioner.

Ten thousand employes of the Berwind-White Mining company in central Pennsylvania have been notified that the 20 per cent. increase granted in 1900 will be continued.

A furious storm of wind and rain did serious damage Saturday and Sunday in Arkansas, Texas, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Missouri and Michigan. In Arkansas 16 were killed and in Texas eight.

Tuesday, March 12.

President McKinley and cabinet will start on April 20 on a trip to California.

Lieutenant Commander Leonard Chenery, U. S. N., retired, died in New York yesterday.

The Benevolent Order of White Mice has been incorporated by theatrical women in New York.

Boiler explosion in a Chicago laundry demolished the building, killed nine people and injured 42.

Rev. Elijah Kellogg, known in the world of books as a writer for boys, is dying at his home in Harpswell, Me.

Secretary and Mrs. Gage left Washington yesterday for Chicago. The secretary expects to return in about a week.

Mrs. J. A. Jenkins, widow of the first private secretary of President Abraham Lincoln, was given lodging at Elmira (N. Y.) police headquarters Saturday night.

Wednesday, March 13.

Enlistments in the regular army have increased over 100 per cent. since Feb. 8.

Andrew Carnegie sailed from New York for Europe today on the steamer St. Louis.

Special despatches report a bad blizzard raging throughout a portion of the Dakotas, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

On her builders' trial from Newport News, Va., yesterday, the battleship Illinois more than measured up to expectations.

Joseph Currier, 16 years old, shot and killed 18-year-old Harry Franks, in Philadelphia. He says it was accidental.

George Abbott, Jr., 17 years old, is under arrest in Brooklyn charged with drugging and assaulting 13-year-old Mary Paige.

Mrs. Georgiana High wife of Patrolman William H. High, Baltimore, was stricken with paralysis and died while busily engaged in preparing the house of her son and his bride. The wedding was to have taken place Wednesday.

A GOOD COUGH MEDICINE FOR CHILDREN.—"I have no hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," says F. P. Moran, a well known and popular baker, of Petersburg, Va. "We have given it to our children when troubled with bad coughs, also whooping cough, and it has always given perfect satisfaction. It was recommended to me by a druggist as the best cough medicine for children as it contained no opium or other harmful drug." Sold by all druggists.

REMARKABLE CURES OF RHEUMATISM.—(From the Vindicator, Rutherfordton, N. C.) The editor of the Vindicator has had occasion to test the efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice with the most remarkable results in each case. First, with rheumatism in the shoulder from which he suffered excruciating pain for ten days, which was relieved with two applications of Pain Balm, rubbing the parts affected and realizing instant benefit and entire relief in a very short time. Second, in rheumatism in thigh joint almost prostating him with severe pain, which was relieved by two applications, rubbing with the liniment on retiring at night, and getting up free from pain. For sale by all druggists.

A well known physician says that the apple is such a common fruit that few persons are familiar with its remarkable efficacious medical properties. Every one ought to know that the very best thing he can do is to eat an apple just before going to bed. The apple is excellent brain food, because it has more phosphorus in an easily digested shape than any other fruit known. It excites the action of the liver, promotes sound and healthy sleep, and thoroughly disinfects the mouth. It also agglutinates the surplus acids of the stomach, helps the kidney secretion and prevents cancerous growth, while it obviates indigestion and is one of the best preventatives of diseases of the throat. Next to lemon and orange it is also the best antidote for the craving of persons addicted to the alcohol and opium habit.

AN HONEST MEDICINE FOR LA GRIPPE.—George W. Waitt, of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one bottle of it and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine." For sale by all druggists.

An exchange gives this excellent bit of advice: "Young man, when you are courting your best girl don't say, 'these little hands will never do a stroke of work when you are mine; you shall have nothing to do in our house but sit all day and chirrup to the canaries,' as if any sensible woman could be happy fooling away time in that sort of style. A girl has a fine, retentive memory for the soft things and silly promises of courtship. Occasionally in after years, when she is darning your socks or patching the west end of your trousers, she will remind you of them in a cold, sarcastic voice."

BANKER ROUTS A ROBBERS.—J. R. Garrison, Cashier of the bank of Thornville, Ohio, had been robbed of health by a serious lung trouble until he tried Dr Kings New Discovery for Consumption. Then he wrote: "It is the best medicine I ever used for a severe cold or a bad case of lung trouble. I always keep a bottle on hand." Don't suffer with Coughs, Colds, or any Throat, Chest or Lung trouble when you can be cured so easily. Only 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Wehler's drug store.

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

It Makes Restful Sleep.

Sleeplessness almost invariably accompanies constipation and its manifold attendant evils—nervous disorders, indigestion, headache, loss of appetite, etc. To attempt to induce sleep by opiates is a serious mistake, for the brain is only benumbed and the body suffers. Celery King removes the cause of wakefulness by its soothing effect on the nerves and on the stomach and bowels.

Celery King cures Constipation and Nerve, Stomach, Liver and Kidney diseases. 3

For sale at Wehler's Drug Store.

Public Sale!

SATURDAY, MARCH 23rd, 1901, the undersigned, Administratrix of the estate of Vincent D. Topper, late of Conewago township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, acting under and by authority of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, will offer at public sale on the premises the following described real estate:—

A LOT OF GROUND situate in said Conewago township, along the Hanover & McSherrystown Turnpike, bounded on the East by property of Ellen Noel; on the North by a public alley; on the West by property of Fannie V. Hostetter, and on the South by the said Hanover & McSherrystown Turnpike. Containing in width on said turnpike thirty (30) feet, and extending in depth of equal width, one hundred and eighty (180) feet, more or less, to said public alley improved with a two-story Frame Dwelling House, Frame Stable and other necessary out-buildings. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock p. m. Terms by

JANE TOPPER, Administratrix.

At Winchester, Va., Judge Harrison rendered a decision ending the litigation over the estate of Judge John Handley, by which Winchester will get a $250,000 library.

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain-Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frostbites, quinsey, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price, 25 and 50 cts. For sale by all druggists. 4-mo.

Smallpox has broken out at Mt Holly Springs, near Carlisle. Katharine and Lydia Howe, employed in the assorting department of the Mt. Holly Paper Company, are the victims.

Bright Boys and Girls

have figured on the lessons during the present school term and we have figured on how to supply their feet with

—SHOES—

of wear resisting qualities, got it down fine too. Got a maker who could produce just what is required for the school wearing shoe. Give us a call for the results of our efforts and the manufacturers labor will convince you of the facts.

McKINNEY & SHULTZ

CASH SHOE STORE.

17 Baltimore Street, HANOVER, PA.

Full Line Blank Books & Stationery.

SPRING SALES.

G. L. COLESTOCK, Auctioneer.

MARCH.

23rd—M. W. Hildebrand, Oxford township.
26th—Wash. Wolf, Berwick township.
26th—John Butler, near New Chester.

J. B. CRIST, Auctioneer.

MARCH

23rd—Eliza Ernstberger, Latimore township.
26th—Harriet Beam, Reading township.

MARCH.

23rd—M. W. Hildebrand, Oxford township, stock and implements.—Colestock, auct.
28—Henry Golden, Agt., Mountpleasant twp., personal property.
30—John C. Hemler, Bonneauville, personal property.
31—V. L. Emlet, Penn twp., York county, stock and implements
23—Mrs. Emma M. Smith, New Oxford Borough, household goods.
30—V. L. Emlet, Penn township, farming implements.

MILLER'S Mammoth Store.

MARCH 16, 1901.

By looking around you will find that we will sell you a set of Dishes cheaper than any other Hanover house, and after you have the Dishes consult us on Tubs, Knives and Forks, Wash Boilers, Wash Boards, Brooms, Buckets, Tinware of all kind, Enameled Ware of all kind, and many other articles you need to go to housekeeping. Come and see us for your outfit and save money.

Peaches! We have a big supply of Peaches to sell at 7c a pound, 4 lbs, for 25 cents.

Plenty of Prunes at 3 lbs. for 10 cents, better Prunes at 5c a pound.

March Prices are still going on.

The Easter Baskets are here, 3, 4 and 5 cents each.

We have a few Chamber Sets left at $1.45 a set, better sets at $1.85.

H. W. Miller, Baltimore St., HANOVER, PA

Mr LEWIS RAMER is at the Old Stand, the

Globe Hotel,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Ready to Receive all Old Patrons, and new ones that come this way.

Cancer Specialist.

More cures effected out of number treated, and with less pain, than any other doctor treating this disease.

DR. H. W. SWARTZ, New Oxford.

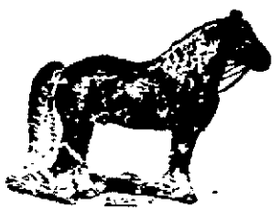
Julius W. Fischer. Harry L. Miller.

J. W. FISCHER & CO, Books, Stationery and School Supplies.

Center Square, HANOVER, PA.

OHIO & KENTUCKY

Horses



Monday, March 12th,

I will receive a car load of Ohio and Kentucky Horses. Workers and drivers, also a few fine Saddlers.

I have also a fine lot of Broken Mules on hand.

Call and see my stock before buying elsewhere.

H. A. SMITH, Hanover, Pa.

Before Selecting . . .

Materials for your Spring outfits look through our

MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT

This Department is already beginning to hum with Spring Business.

STRIPED SERGES and OVER PLAIDS

Seems to have the call. A nobby line of these goods can be found in our Spring stock as well as a large assortment of both Foreign and Domestic weaves in Spring weights.

SPRING TROUSERINGS

are now all here. We make nothing but good Pants.

(Satisfaction or No Pants.)

FANCY VESTINGS

for Spring just arrived and they certainly are a nobby line.

Call and look them over.

H. B. Carver & Sons.

HANOVER, PA.

M. G Colestock,

—DEALER IN—

FRESH & SMOKED MEATS.

—SUCH AS—

Beef, Veal, Mutton, Lamb, &c.

Smoked Meats,

Skinned Hams, Unskinned Hams, Picnic Hams, Prepared Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Country Flitch, Bologna, Dried Beef, &c.

The above mentioned Meats are of First-class quality, and can be had at all times at the lowest possible prices.

SECOND DOOR FROM EAGLE HOTEL, Carlisle St., New Oxford.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Price 50c. and $1. Large size contains 2½ times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free

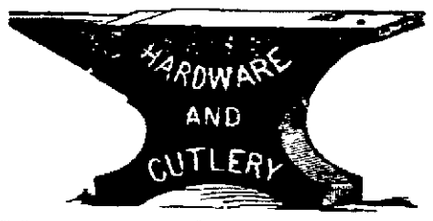
Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., Chicago

For sale at Wehler's drug store.

GO TO

GILBERT & SON

FOR



Masury's R. R. Paint,

GLASS, OILS, BLATCHLEY PUMPS TILING, &C.

Plumbing and Blumbers' Supplies.

NEW OXFORD, PA.

JOB PRINTING of every description executed at the ITEM office. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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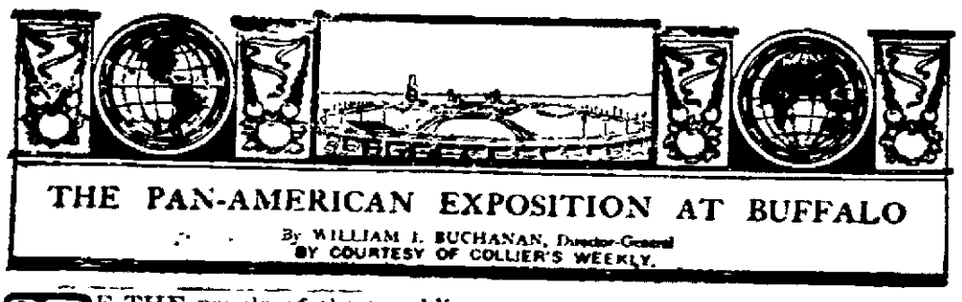


THE PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION AT BUFFALO

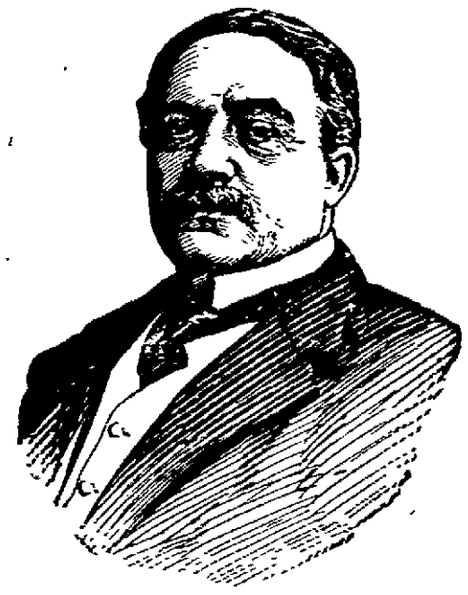
By WILLIAM I. BUCHANAN, Director-General
BY COURTESY OF COLLIER'S WEEKLY.

IF THE people of the republics and countries of Central and South America fully realized to how great an extent misinformation with regard to their several countries exists in the United States and Canada, the Pan-American Exposition would be taxed beyond its limit to provide space for the exhibits that would come from those countries to enlighten the people of the United States and Canada concerning their neighbors to the southward. If, on the other hand, the people of the United States and Canada knew to any appreciable degree of the wide opportunities for the profitable investment of money and energy which offer themselves in Central and South America, they would not require such exhibits to awaken their interest, nor would such opportunities long remain unknown or unpossessed.

The Object of the Exposition.

The ideal had in view by those who planned the Pan-American Exposition and toward the accomplishment of which nothing is being left undone that energy and effort can bring about or suggest is that in all that appertains to the industrial and intellectual development of the countries of the Western Hemisphere the Pan-American Exposition shall occupy the position of a great International "Information Clearing House." While interesting millions as a beautiful spectacle, it will afford an opportunity to the peoples of the three Americas to become better acquainted with each other, and it will prove a very prominent factor, too, in developing a proper and just appreciation in each country of the industrial wants and trade possibilities of their neighboring countries of the Western Hemisphere.

While their view of the duty and task imposed upon them in this regard has been broad the generosity and public spirit of the promoters and management of the Exposition in providing for the setting of the Exposition a magnificent, fairylike spectacle in landscape and building effects and in arranging for the sumptuous, intellectual entertainment of visitors within the grounds have been broader. It is safe, I believe, to now risk the assertion that as a result of all this the verdict of those who visit Buffalo next year will be that in certain phases, and in not a few, the Pan-American Exposition will be justly entitled to rank in history as the most beautiful and successful of American Expositions.



DIRECTOR GENERAL BUCHANAN.

No one who has approached the subject of Industrial Pan-America seriously believes that the artificial trade conditions now existing between Canada, the different Central and South American republics and the United States—as they affect and restrict commerce and communication between the different countries—can long continue, nor can it be controverted that great changes for the better in these regards have taken place during the past few years. Indeed, a greater advance has been made during the past ten years in the countries of the Western Hemisphere in all that counts for the better than during the 50 years preceding. This statement, made broadly, can be verified in detail It applies to everything that has tended toward stability of government, toward the betterment and improvement of the people of the different countries, toward the building up therein of permanent national wealth and in the direction of utilizing to a greater degree than heretofore the products and resources of these countries.

Governments and Export Products of South America.

It is true that exceptions to this statement can be easily pointed out; but, broadly speaking, it will bear investigation and will be found to be correct. For example, with few exceptions the seemingly unending boundary disputes—all of which, by the way, came down from the old Spanish regime as an inheritance and which have been for 70 years the source of untold expense and of constant irritation and oft threatened war between practically all of the republics of Central and South America—have been amicably concluded. The closing days of the century find that chief source of trouble in Latin America happily reduced to a comparatively small point. It is but just to these republics to say in this connection that due credit should be given them for the fact that in reaching this result they have consistently recognized the theory of arbitration to be the proper and true method by which such international disputes may be solved. Today no boundary difficulty of any kind affects the peace of the east coast of South America, and but two such questions are still to be adjusted upon the west coast. Stable government, well administered, has been reached in very many of the republics south of us. In some—notably in those toward the extreme south of the continent—the most striking and rapid advances imaginable have been made during the past ten years in their material development and in the prosperity of their people.

This has been especially true of the Argentine Republic and of Chile. Fifty years ago the latter supplied flour to the entire west coast of South. Central and even to that of North America. The development of California and Oregon, however, changed this, and today the latter not only supplies their own wants, but as well a large section of Central and part of Western South America with breadstuffs. Chile on her part has become the world's nitrate producer and notably so in copper while her vineyards have increased with each year.

In the Argentine Republic the changes that have occurred are even more striking, because they relate to things with which we of the United States and Canada are more familiar It is, for example, relatively speaking, but a few years since the United States was shipping flour to the Argentine Republic and to Uruguay. Today, as a result of the immigration that has poured into those republics, but principally into the first country, and as a result of the application of North American farm machinery to the great alluvial basin of the River Plate, the Argentine Republic alone exports to Europe 35,000,000 bushels of wheat and half that amount of maize each year. Not content with having thus become the competitor of the United States and Canada in the Old World in the exportation of breadstuffs, the same republic has also become their competitor—and a strong and growing one, too—in the exportation of meat products. Few have any idea of the growth of this industry in the River Plate republics Thirty years ago Great Britain imported less than 300,000 pieces of frozen mutton. Indeed that was the beginning of that industry. Today there are killed, frozen and exported to Europe each day from the province of Buenos Ayres alone, in the Argentine Republic, 13,000 carcasses of as good mutton as the world can produce, while innumerable square miles of alfalfa fields dot the republic and furnish rice, cheap fattening material for 30,000,000 or more of cattle possessed by the country.

The advantages the people of the United States and Canada might obtain by grasping the true meaning of the above facts would appear to me many and their value very great.

If they would, for instance, but realize the significance of the one fact that a well bred, fat steer can be and is being produced in the Argentine Republic and exported to England at a total expense at least $15 less than it is possible to do the same thing in either the United States or Canada—while a great advantage lies with the producer of River Plate mutton—they would realize the strong appearance of probability to the often quoted statement made by some that the not distant future would bring River Plate mutton to our tables in the United States.

Great Cattle Zones in the South.

Many public men in South America believe this will occur, reasoning as they do that the conditions in the United States are such and their development in manufactures is so pronounced that it can be looked upon as altogether probable that within the next ten years meat will be profitably exported to the United States from the great cattle zones of South America. They also believe that the turn of the tide that has carried the United States into the position of a lender of money rather than a borrower will then carry the well known aggressiveness and zeal of American financiers and industrial operators into South America, where a highly profitable field would be found for the employment of capital in the development of many of the smaller industries now in existence there and in the consolidation and operation on a large scale of the meat producing plants there and in the handling of breadstuffs and all their related industries.

Millions of acres of tillable land, in an excellent climate, with every facility except immediate transportation, await those who will seriously look for it in South and Central America, and it was the earnest wish and purpose of those who formulated and planned the Pan-American Exposition that in all the above fields they might, through the Exposition, do something tangible toward bringing to all a better knowledge than now exists concerning the countries of the Western Hemisphere and that there might result from the Exposition something of value in the direction of a wider dissemination of that practical knowledge of our surroundings and of our future industrial outlook so much desired by all of us and so essential to a proper realization on our own part of the problems of trade and of commerce that are in store for us and for our children to solve, that through it the people of the Western Hemisphere might more clearly appreciate than they now do the enormous resources of the Western Hemisphere and the possibilities it contains for the building up of an enormous industrial [illegible] as it does, the most fertile agricultural lands of the world toward both extremities of the hemisphere, with minerals and forests adjacent in either section, with great navigable waterways in both North and South America and with a central zone capable of producing to an unlimited degree all the tropical and subtropical products known to or used by man.

The Pan-American Exposition was not, therefore, either entirely or largely born of a selfish desire on the part of the people of the State of New York, and of Buffalo primarily, to draw attention to anything they possess or to acquire wholly local prestige and benefit from the undertaking. The location of the Exposition was fixed at Buffalo by reason of the fact that the courage of the people of that city and their public spirit and faith in their ability to finance and produce an International Exposition which should be confined to the Western Hemisphere was strong enough to convince Congress that the work would be well done, and hence the location was decided upon.

What Buffalo Has Done.

This step having been taken and the die thus cast, Buffalo has risen equal to the occasion and has subscribed millions of money, and as a city, there have been sunk, in one common purpose to succeed, all personal and sectional jealousies and ambitions.

A splendid location was selected for the Exposition, in which there is included a large part of the city's great and famously beautiful park, and from the time that was done up to the present moment the interest and energy manifested and the strong intent to succeed in every way shown by the people of the city in their great undertaking have been focused upon and centered in the work now nearing completion. The extent to which this interest has been shown can be gauged from the fact that on several recent Sundays 20,000 people have passed through the wagon gates to the grounds in order that they might see how the work of constructing the Exposition buildings was progressing.

Architectural Wonders.

In its architectural qualities and outlines the Exposition pays the republics of South and Central America the highest compliment possible, since in the character and design of its buildings there will be placed before the visitor the most perfect, the most beautiful and the most enchanting picture of Spanish architectural memories that has ever been presented in any country or place, while in its natural attractions and in the loveliness of its lake and forest and flower setting the Exposition as a picture will be a source of gladness and delight and a pride as well to every one who visits it. Those who have its direction and management are doing everything within their power to bring together about these central, salient points those finishing, connecting links of fountains, of brilliant lighting effects, of music, of gardens, of entertainments and of novelty which go so far toward making up the real life of a great Exposition

As this is being written—six months previous to the opening of the Exposition—it is distinctly gratifying to the people of Buffalo and of the State of New York to be able to realize, as they do, that their efforts in the work of building up and arranging the groundwork of the Exposition have been warmly seconded on every hand, and that the discouragements they have met with and the difficulties they have had to overcome have but more closely accentuated and made apparent the merit of their undertaking and brought to them the unsought praise and hearty applause of their fellow citizens of the United States, while the prominent and praiseworthy activity being shown in Mexico, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Costa Rica, Honduras, Ecuador, Peru, Chili, Bolivia, the Argentine Republic and in Cuba, in all that relates to the participation of those countries in the Exposition, is most encouraging and presages a brilliant outcome. To this there is to be added the widespread interest now manifested in the Exposition in Canada, in Jamaica, in Guadeloupe, in Porto Rico, in Hawaii and in the Philippines. With these factors to work from, there would seem to be a bright outlook ahead for a successful outcome and a realization to some degree of the sentiments underlying the Exposition. With

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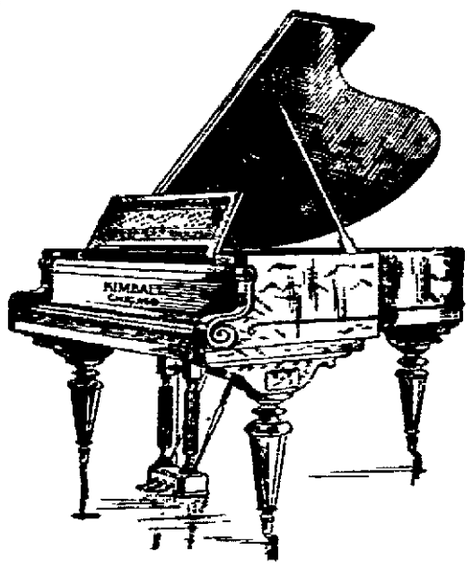

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FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 22, 1901.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

Albert Rhinehart and Samuel Mackley each lost a horse by death last week.

C. P. K. Walter has been appointed postmaster at Bigierville, Adams County.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs M. D. Mell at New Baltimore, last week.

Over an inch of snow fell Saturday morning on the mountain in the vicinity of Pen-Mar.

Gettysburg's borough tax is 7½ mills—6 for general expenses and 1½ to provide for the bonded debt.

The decorators are at work beautifying the interior of the new St. Mary's Church at McSherrystown.

St. Mary's Catholic Church at McSherrystown will be dedicated to the service of God on the first Sunday in June.

When you are bilious, use those famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers to cleanse the liver and bowels. They never gripe. Randolph Wehler.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hanover Agricultural Society, Friday evening, the dates of next Fall's Hanover Fair were fixed, Sept. 17, 18, 19 and 20 being selected.

One of the fine roan horses of Mr. A. T. Stambaugh, of Mountpleasant township, was kicked by another horse one day last week and so badly injured that it had to be killed.

The Western Maryland Railroad Company estimates the value of the company's property at $20,000,000. The business of the company has been growing rapidly and there are still better things in sight for it.

The thirteenth annual commencement exercises of the United States Indian Industrial School at Carlisle took place in the presence of about 5,000 persons in the gymnasium.

Their promptness and their pleasant effects make DeWitt's Little Early Risers most popular little pills wherever they are known. They are simply perfect for liver and bowel troubles. Randolp Wehler.

The report published last week that Mr. G. T. Himes, of Philadelphia street, had been bequeathed the house and lot in this place, and $500 by the will of the late Lizzie Fickes, of Mountpleasant township, is not correct.

John Bair, of near Schwartz's school house, had his left eye badly injured in a stone quarry, on Tuesday last, while breaking spalls. By the advice of Dr. Wentz, he went to York to consult Dr. Klinedinst, the oculist.

A York dispatch to the Baltimore Sun says: Congressman Robert J. Lewis has selected Alderman Augustus Loucks, of West York, for postmaster. The appointment is expected from Washington in a few days.

Rumor has it that one of New Oxford's widowers, having learned to know that it is not wise for man to be alone, has decided to take unto himself one of Hanover's widow's to preside over his household, in the near future. The widow's grown daughters are to play the wedding march..

Arrangements have been made with Charles Pullman, inventor of the Pullman ventilating apparatus, whereby a large plant will be established in York for the manufacture of the same. The new industry will be the only one in the United States, and will, for the time being, be capitalized at $100,000.

See that you get the original DeWitt's Hazel Salve when you ask for it. The genuine is a certain cure for piles, sores and skin diseases Randolph Wehler.

John Toddes and James Fuhrman, who took four horses from Gettysburg to Maryland to prevent sale under an execution, are in jail at Gettysburg to answer before the Grand Jury.

The horses are still boarding at a stable in Taneytown, and the outcome of the suit will be watched with interest.

Like Oliver Twist, children ask for more when given One Minute Cough Cure. Mothers endorse it highly for croup. It quickly cures all coughs and colds and every throat and lung trouble. It is a specific for grippe and asthma and has long been a well know remedy for whooping cough. Randolph Wehler.

A rumor afloat says that East Berlin will have a cornet band.

The U. S. Mail for the York Springs route which formerly left New Oxford at 1:15 p. m., now leaves at 10:30 a. m.

The well-known dairyman of McSherrystown, John Roth, Sr., has sold his interests in that business to Michael Geiselman, near Mt. Rock.

The Peoples' Bank was on Tuesday removed from the Spreakle building corner York and Abbottstown streets, Hanover, to their beautiful new building, corner Fountain Square and Frederick street.

On Saturday, April 6, sheriff Morrison will sell at the court house in Gettysburg, a tract of 23 acres of land and improvements in Franklin township, also a tract of 5 acres of woodland—property of John Wildasin.

G. L. Fink, of Hanover, agent for the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Co., was in town on Monday and closed a contract with Mr. E. C. Livingston for a full outfit of machinery for his new shoe factory.

The Directors of the Hanover Milling and Manufacturing Company Wednesday voted to enter the milling combine known as the "Eastern Milling and Export Company." There are over thirty mills in the combination.

The congregation of the Reformed church are about purchasing a new organ for their church. Several instruments have been received and a public trial recital will be given in the near future.

James Herman, a young single man of Mountpleasant township, left home about ten days ago without informing any one as to his intentions, and has not been heard of since. His friends can assign no motive for his departure.

Last week as Messrs. Samuel Baugher and Milton Trimmer were looking for leaks along the pipe line at Pine Hill, they dug up 8 snakes that measured from 3 to 5 feet in length. This is the first snake story of the season and a true one at that.—E. B. News

Judge Swope, of Gettysburg, is puzzled to know what to do with Mary Valentine, a 10 year-old colored waif, who, some time ago, he sent to the House of Refuge for stealing. The superintendent declares he cannot keep the child, because she unmanageable, and will destroy the discipline of the institution.

As Samuel Cashman was bringing the cream from the separating station at New Chester to the creamery at this place on Wednesday morning, the coupling of his wagon broke throwing Mr. Cashman and the cream out and spilling a goodly portion of that precious fluid in the mud.

On all sides we hear of people looking up fortunes in estates alleged to have been left by ancestors. The latest is a claim maid by the Springers to a good part of Wilmington, Delaware. In response to a recent letter from a claimant the Wilmington Register of wills made this curt reply: "The Springer claim is of no value whatever."

The lingering cough following grippe calls for One Minute Cough Cure For all throat and lung troubles this is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. Prevents consumption. Randolph Wehler.

Henry Strevig, of near Wellsville, York county, aged about 60 years, hanged himself Wednesday morning in his barn, fastening a strap to the rung of a ladder. He had been mentally unbalanced for years. He was a shoemaker by trade and is survived by his wife, one son and two daughters. The children are married and live away from home.

While Frank Eisenhart and wife and John Henry, of Abbottstown, were on their way to Samuel Whaler's farm Wednesday morning, they met with an accident about a mile out the Berlin pike. The horse frightened at some object and turning short threw Mr. Eisenhart off the wagon, breaking three ribs and bruising him badly.

Jeremiah Holtzapple, a well-known citizen of Codorus township, residing near Glenville, York county, is missing from his home since Wednesday, March 13, and there is not the least clue of his whereabouts. Holtzapple is a married man, and has a wife and three children. He is leader of the Brodbeck cornet band, and a music teacher by occupation. He took with him, it is alleged, the savings of his wife, even the small sums his children had hoarded up, a total of about $50.

Peter S. Weaver, a well-know photographer of Hanover, and well known here, is off to the hospital at Philadelphia, to have the third operation performed on his wrist. The second time he was there he had his left limb amputated. Mr. Weaver is certainly very unfortunate man.

Counterfeits of DeWitt's Witck Hazel Salve are liable to cause blood poisoning Leave them alone. The original has the name DeWitt's upon the box and wrapper. It is a harmless and healing salve for skin diseases. Unequaled for piles. Randolph Wehler.

Among the pensions recently granted we notice the following: Oscar D. McMillan, Gettysburg, $6; William H. Hellir, Bendersville, $10.

Robert Wilson, a Littlestown groceryman has started a delivery wagon which makes regular rounds through the country.

During the approaching season the Hanover bricklayers will be paid $2 a day an advance of 25 cents a day—nine hours constituting a day's work.

The Democratic County Committee of Adams county will meet at the Globe Hotel, in Gettysburg, on Saturday March 30, 1901, at 11 o,clock, a. m., to transact such business as may be presented.

It is said that Rev. J. B. Guiney, who left the pastorate of the Cold Springs Mission in this county, about nine months ago to accept a call to a mission at Buffalo, will return to Cold Springs shortly, and take up the work there.

Rev. V. T. Rue will preach his last sermon of the conference year in the Methodist Episcopal church, this place, next Sunday at 7 p.m. He will leave to attend conference, to be held at Chambersburg, on Tuesday.

While Hugh K. McIlhenny, carrier of Route No. 7, was driving from his home in Straban township to Gettysburg last Tuesday, his horse broke through a culvert throwing itself and breaking both shafts one of which penetrated the horses right front leg, causing a bad wound.

Representatives of the Chambersburg & Gettysburg electric railway company, met with the directors of the Chambersburg & Gettysburg turnpike company, last week, and endeavored to secure the use of the side of the turnpike for a trolley track. No action was taken by the turnpike directors.

Noah Runkle and several others Friday cut down a chestnut tree on the farm of Adam and Michael Albright, near Green Ridge, York county, the stump of the tree measuring 8 feet across. The tree was a landmark in that section.

George D. Beck, son of J. H. Beck and wife, of Hanover, formerly of this place, and Miss Elizabeth B. Hombach, daughter of Mrs. William Hombach, of McSherrystown, were married Saturday morning, March 16, at 11 o'clock, at St. Joseph's Catholic Church, Taneytown, Md., by Rev. Father Lemon.

Mr. Ivan Musselman, who lives on Mr. C. P. Bream's farm, near Fairfield, whilst hauling with a four horse wagon, slipped, falling under the wheels, which passed over his right leg and hip. He was considerably bruised. However, no bones were broken. Had the wheels passed over his body higher up or passed over his breast, he might have been killed. He made a lucky escaped.

The managers of the Penn Grove Camp meeting Association have bought a strip of ground for a 20-foot avenue from the railroad to the grounds. They have also located a large new pavilion and restaurant and cooking building on the grounds, and arranged for the improvement of the entire 24 acres during the coming season. A new fence will be built around the grounds.

About 10 o'clock Sunday night the barn of Harvey Klinefelter, at Seitzland, York county, was destroyed by fire with all its contents except the live stock, which were turned out. The fire originated in the wagon shed adjoining the barn, but how it originated is not known. Mr. Klinefelter only a few months ago lost two horses and a wagon by a railroad accident.

John Funk, of Hanover, a W. M. brakeman, while shoveling coal from a platform to the tender of an engine about 1 o'clock Monday afternoon at Highfield, severely sprained his back, falling to the platform in a helpless condition. Mr. Funk was brought to Hanover at 4:30 p. m. and taken to his home, where he is being attended by Dr. J. H. Bittinger, the company's physician.

New Factory Buildings.

Mr. E. C. Livingston on Monday morning started the foundation for a new factory building on the rear of his lot on Pitt street, close to the railroad. The building will be of brick, 30x50 feet, two stories high. Mr. Livingston will manufacture shoes on a large scale.

Mr. W. H. Emmert, the Carlisle street shoe manufacturer, will also erect a large brick factory building during the coming summer, and will increase the number of employes.

District Election.

An election was held in the Union Independent School District in Oxford township, Friday. The contest for directors was between Henry Rinehart, Jr., and George T. Groft, Union men, and F. X. Timmins and J. F. Klunk non-Union men. The following was the result:—F. X. Timmins 15, J. F. Klunk 13, Henry Rinehart, Jr., 42, George T. Groft 42. For Auditor, Samuel G. Lawrence received 55 votes, and was elected.

Death's Doings.

Harry Weaver a son of Mr John Weaver, of Gettysburg who had been living with Mr. and Mrs Aaron Kauffman, of East Berlin, died Sunday afternoon of pneumonia, aged 8 years, 7 months and 13 days.

Mrs. Wilhelmina Haverstock, widow of the late Edwin Haverstock, died at the almshouse at York, on Saturday night, of cancer of the stomach, from which she had been suffering for eighteen months. She was aged 72 years and 24 days. Deceased was Miss Wilhelmina Frank, of Germany. She came to this country when a young girl. About 50 years ago she was united in marriage to Edwin Haverstock, who died about six years ago. She is survived by 3 sons and 3 daughters.

The Haverstock family resided near this place, for a number of years, some years ago.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Emory Hershey and two children, of West High street, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Treiber, at Midway

Mr. Robert Wolf, of near town, and lady friend, Miss Bertha Kohler, of Myers' mill, spent Sunday with friends at Harney, Md.

Mrs. H. C. Sanders, of Gettysburg, spent a few days with her father, Mr. A. Sheely, and friends in town.

Miss Fannie Stelle, of Carlisle street, is spending the week with friends in Littlestown.

Allen Herman, of Philadelphia, spent a few days at the home of William Wagner, on Pitt street.

Miss Kate Messinger, of Hanover, visited at the same place.

G. W. Sherman, of Westminster, was looking after his intrests in this place Wedenesday.

Bender---Diehl.

A very pretty wedding took place at the home of Mrs. Catharine Diehl, at Diehl's mill, Oxford township, on Thursday evening, when her daughter, Miss Alverta, was united in marriage to Mr. Geo. W. Bender, Gettysburg. The bride and groom entered the parlor at 8 o'clock to the strains of Mendelsohn's wedding march, played by Miss Ella Bender, of Gettysburg, and Leslie Diehl, of York. The two little flower girls were Esther and Miriam Diehl of New Baltimore. Rev. F. Hesse, the bride's pastor, who performed the ceremony, was assisted by Rev Samuel Diehl, of Westminster, Md., an uncle of the bride. After the ceremony refreshments were served.

The couple left Friday morning on a wedding trip to Westminster, Baltimore, Philadelphia and other places.

A Dead Baby in a Well.

Considerable excitement was created in the vicinity of Bart's Church in Union township, on Saturday, by the announcement that the body of a full-grown male child had been found in a spring on the property of Mrs. Aaron Myers. The spring is covered, with a pump in it, and is used for watering the cattle. About noon on Saturday, one of the boards which covers the spring was taken up to see how much water the spring contained, when the body of the child was discovered. Constable Palmer and Justice of the Peace Bollinger were notified, and an inquest was held at the office of Justice Bollinger. The jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts, there being no clue as to who placed the body in the spring.

District Attorney Williams, of Gettysburg, has taken a hand in the case, he being present at the inquest and will now make all efforts to bring the guilty party to justice.

Died While Driving Home.

Harvey Bair, a son of Albert Bair and wife, of Union township, near Christ Church, died Wednesday afternoon on his way home from Hanover. Mr. Bair drove to Hanover in the afternoon and went to the office of Dr. R. N. Meisenhelder, where he got some medicine. He had not been well for some time, but when he was at the doctor's office he was in excellent spirits and seemed to be in better health than for some weeks. He left the office about 2 o'clock. It is not known what time he left for home, but it was nearly night when the team which he had been driving came to the home of a neighbor, and it was discovered that young Bair was dead.

Death was due to paralysis. He was about 21 years of age

He is survived by his parents, 4 brothers and one sister.

The stomach controlls the situation. Those who are hearty and strong are those who can eat and digest plenty of food. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and allows you to eat all the good food you want. If you suffer from indigestion, heartburn, belching or any other stomach trouble, this preparation can't help but do you good. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. Randolph Wehler.

Post Office Employes Restricted.

The following order has been issued by the Postmaster General, applying to all post office employes:

"Clerks and other employes are forbidden to solicit in person or through others, contributions of money, gifts or presents; to issue addresses, complimentary cards, prints, publications, or any substitute therefore intended of calculated to induce the public to make them gifts or presets, to sell tickets for theatres, concerts, balls, fairs, pic-nics, excursions, or or places of amusement or entertainment of any kind; to borrow money or to contract debts which they have no reasonable prospect of being able to pay."

CHURCH NOTICES.

There will be preaching in St. Paul's Lutheran church next Sunday at 10 a. m. Sunday School 9 a. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. 6 p. m.; Junior C. E. at 3 p. m.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:00 o'clock.

The Catechetical Class will meet Saturday at 2 p. m.

REV. FERDINAND HESSE, Pastor.

Divine services in St. Paul's Reformed church next Sunday at 7 p. m. Sermon to "Men and Boys."

Sunday School 9 a. m.; C. E. Society 6 p. m.; Prayer meeting Thursday 7.00 p. m.; Junior Catechetical class will meet Saturday at 1:30 a. m.; Senior class at 2:00 a. m.

REV. P. E. HEIMER, Pastor.

There will be one Mass in the Catholic Church next Sunday—Low Mass at 8 o'clock.

REV. TIMOTHY KENNEDY, Pastor.

There will be preaching in the M. E. church next Sunday at 7 p. m.; Sunday School 9 a. m.; Epworth League 6 p. m

REV. VAUGHN T. RUE, Pastor.

THE MARKETS.

NEW OXFORD.—By Z. H. Cashman

Choice Wheat	$ 70
No. 2 "	68
Baked "	50
Rye	40 @ 44
Corn	38 @ 40
Oats	22 @ 26
Clover seed, per lb	8 @ 10
Timothy seed	1.00 @ 1.50
Timothy hay	6.00 @ 14.00
Rye straw	5.00 @ 7.00

MARRIED.

March 17, at Cashtown, by Rev. J. F. Mackley, Jacob Hines and Miss Edna Miller, both of York.

DIED.

Deaths free—tributes, verses, &c., 5c per line

March 16, in Mt Joy township, from paralysis, Mrs. A. R. Spangler, aged 66 years and 14 days.

March 18, at the County Alms House, Sebastian Sandel, a veteran of the civil war.

March 16, in Arendtsville, Benjamin Blubaugh, a veteran of the civil war, aged 79 years.

Rheumatism.

Nobody knows all about it; and nothing, now known, will always cure it.

Doctors try Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil when they think it is caused by imperfect digestion of food. You can do the same.

It may or may not be caused by the failure of stomach and bowels to do their work. If it is, you will cure it; if not you will do no harm.

The way, to cure a disease is to stop its cause, and help the body get back to its habit of health.

When Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil does that, it cures; when it don't, it don't cure. It never does harm.

The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Their Daughter-in-Law.

BY EMMA A. OPPER.

"Your last day? Dear, dear, must you go today, Harvey?" said Mrs. Seely, looking across the breakfast table at her son, with affectionate concern.

And her daughters Kitty and Margery echoed her words.

"Couldn't you have got off for another week?" said his father, breaking a hot roll carefully. "Now that you're partner, though—"

"Now that I'm partner, it's hard work getting off," responded Harvey Seely. "It was all I could do—"

He paused suddenly.

"What was all you could do?" inquired Kitty.

"Well," said Harvey, laying down his knife and fork, with a beaming smile, "here goes; Here's the news I've been saving up for you till the last, from a natural modesty. It was all I could do to get things arranged so that I could go on my wedding trip a month hence. I am going to be married.

Kitty's spoon fell into her saucer with a clatter, and Mr Seely dropped his roll hastily.

"Married!" said Margery breathlessly.

Mrs. Seely alone remained calm.

She rolled up her napkin, put it in its ring and looked at her son through her gold-bowed glasses composedly.

She felt, however, that this was an important crisis.

When Harvey—their only son—had, with commendable independence, left his pleasant home to "get a start" in the neighboring city, they had all expected great things of him.

He would be rapidly successful; he would distinguish himself in the profession he had chosen and amass a fortune; and he would woo and win some sweet girl, with a long row of ancestors—the Seelys, being themselves a good old family, were great respecters of blue blood—a host of accomplishments and a heavy dowry.

Their hopes had seemed likely to be fulfilled. Harvey had proved himself possessed of remarkable business qualities; he had risen quickly, and had recently exceeded their wildest ambitions by being made a junior party of his firm.

All that now remained to be desired was his safe conquest of the beautiful and aristocratic young person of their dreams, with her many talents and substantial inheritance.

It is not to be wondered at, therefore, that the girls were trembling with eagerness; that Mr. Seely fumbled with his watch chain in nervous suspense, and that Mrs. Seely opened her lips twice before she found strength to propound the all-important question:

"Who is she?"

"She is a Miss Dora Berdan at present," said Harvey smilingly.

"Berdan?" Mrs. Seely repeated, and raised her brows inquiringly. "I don't think I have heard of the family."

"Not at all likely," Harvey rejoined. "They are quiet people."

"Berdan!" Mrs. Seely repeated, musingly. "No; I have not heard of them. Where do they live?"

"In Weyman street," responded Harvey.

Mrs. Seely fell back in her chair with a little gasp; her husband turned a dismayed face upon his son; and Kitty and Margery gave little screams

"Weyman street! It was miles from the region of aristocracy; it was peopled with working girls, and seamstresses and small shopkepers; with street venders and old apple-women for all the Seelys knew.

"Not Weyman street, Harvey?" said his father, appealingly.

"Certainly; Weyman street," Harvey repeated.

"But she is not—she cannot be of good family, living in Weyman street?" said Mrs. Seely, anxiously.

"The family is quite respectable," her son responded, quietly. "Dora's mother is a widow. She sews for a lace-goods house, and Dora has been assistant bookkeeper in our establishment; that is how I met her.

Mrs. Seely groaned.

"A bookkeeper—a seamstress!" she ejaculated. "Oh, Harvey, you could not have done worse!"

"A penniless girl!" said his father, solemnly. "And after all we have hoped for you! No; it could not be worse."

"A common working-girl!" said Kitty, in a choking voice. "And everybody will know it! Oh, Harvey, it couldn't be worse!"

The young man looked from one to another in astonished, hurt and half-contemptuous silence.

Margery turned to him, with a gentle sympathy mingling with the dismay in her face.

"Perhaps," she said, hopefully—"perhaps there is something to make up? Perhaps she is a wonderful beauty, or a great genius, or something?"

Harvey gave her a grateful smile.

"I think her pretty, of course," he said. "But I suppose that's because I'm fond of her. I don't think she would be called a beauty. And as for genuis—she's very clever at accounts; but she doesn't sing, or paint, or anything of that sort. She's never had the time or money for such things, poor girl!"

But Margery had turned away with an impatient gesture.

"There is nothing, then," she said, despairingly. "No; it couldn't be worse!"

Harvey rose from his seat, with an energy which set the bell in the castor jingling.

"This is absurd" he said indignantly. "It is more than absurd; it is unjust and narrow-minded. How sensible—presumably sensible people," Harvey corrected, rather bitterly, "can say, in regard to a person they have never seen, that 'it could not be worse,' is past my comprehension."

"We will not talk of it," said Mrs. Seely, holding up a restraining hand. "Discussion will not mend matters. And you are to be married next month?"

"On the ninth," Harvey rejoined. "Of course you will all be there?" he added, rather dubiously.

"By no means!" said his father, shortly.

"You could hardly expect it," said Mrs. Seely, reproachfully.

"Very well; 'if Mohammed won't come—' You've heard the observation. We shall pay you a visit immediately on our return from our wedding tour, with your kind permission. You must know Dora."

When he left the house, an hour later, he had the required permission.

His mother and the girls had even kissed him good-by, in an injured and reproachful way; and his father had shaken hands, coolly.

But his ears still rang with that odious assertion. "It could not be worse!" and he was thoughtful all the way back to the city.

II.

The Seelys were in a state of subdued excitement.

Harvey's wedding tour was completed; and they had received a telegram that afternoon to the effect that he would be "on hand" tonight, with his new wife.

The dining-room table was set for dinner; and Mrs. Seely wandered from one end of it to the other, nervously.

Her husband sat under the chandelier with his evening newspaper; but he was not reading it. Kitty and Margery fluttered about uneasily, watching through the window for the carriage from the railroad station.

"I hope," said Margery, with a nervous attempt at cheerfulness, "that she will be barely decent—presentable. Think of the people who will call! I hope she won't be worse than we're prepared to see her."

"She couldn't be," said Mrs. Seely, dismally.

There was a roll of wheels, and the twinkle of the carriage-lamp at the door, and the bell rang sharply.

Kitty and Margery clasped hands in sympathetic agitation; Mr. Seely dropped his newspaper and arose; and Mrs. Seely advanced toward the hall door with dignity.

It opened wide before she could reach it, and Harvey entered, his face suffused with genial, blissful smiles.

"This is my wife," he said, proudly. "My mother, Dora; my father; my sisters Kitty and Margery!"

And, with a caressing touch, he took by the hand and led forward among them—

What?

Mr. Seely gazed with startling eyes; Mrs. Seely dropped the hand she had started to hold out, with her face growing ashy, and Kitty and Margery gasped.

For what they saw was a woman of apparently 40 years with a face powdered and painted in the most unblushing manner, with thin gray hair crimped over a wrinkled forehead in a sickening affectation of youthfulness, and with a diminutive, gaily-trimmed bonnet perched thereon; with an affected, mincing gait and a simpering smile.

"This is my wife," Harvey repeated. "Have you no welcome for her?"

The bride tittered.

"Mebbe they think I ain't good enough for 'em, dear?" she observed, tartly.

"Impossible, my pet," Harvey responded; and patted her falsely-blooming cheek affectionately. "Besides, if you were but a shadow—a caricature of your beautiful self, they would not have been surprised. They were prepared for the worst."

He looked at his horrified relatives meaningly.

The truth of his words flashed over them.

Yes, they had all said, repeatedly, that "it could not be worse." But this wretched, wrinkled, bedizened creature—had they dreamed of this?

Harvey watched them with an undisturbed smile—his father, turning away at last and rubbing his forehead with his handkerchief weakly; Mrs. Seely, gazing at her daughter-in-law with a dreadful fascination, and the girls, sinking into chairs in dismayed silence.

"Well, mother," said Harvey, lightly, "of course a new addition to the family is an object of interest; but don't forget that I have an appetite, and getting married has rather improved it. Take off your bonnet, my own. Here, Kitty!"

Kitty came forward with a set face and tightly-closed lips, to receive the marvelous combination of beads and silk flowers held out to her with a disgusting air of sprightliness. She was afraid to trust herself to speak.

Poor Mrs. Seely, sick at heart, had made her way to the bell and rang it, and dinner came down presently.

"Turtle soup!" the bride observed, looking round the table with a girlish smile; "ain't nothing I admire so! Just pass that celery, father-in-law. Delicious! ain't it, darling?"

"Extremely, my dear," said the bridegroom, complacently.

Ignorant and vulgar! What dreadful things would they discover next?

It was an evening they never forgot. The unfortunate parents sat with pale faces and unsteady hands, staring into their empty plates, or looking at each other with fresh horror at each simpering, senseless, ungrammatical remark of their terrible daughter-in-law.

Kitty and Margery excused themselves during the second course, and flew to their rooms to cry themselves to sleep, in an agony of dismay and mortification.

"I shan't think of setting up," said the bride, rising from the table with an apologetic giggle, and with the last of her dessert held aloft. "I'm too wore out. If anybody calls—o' course everybody'll call—just tell 'em I'll see 'em tomorrow. Come on, dear!"

And she tripped up stairs, with a juvenile nod over her shoulder, and with her beaming young husband following.

Mrs. Seely wrung her hands despairingly.

"We said it could not be worse," she said, faintly. "But this! How shall we endure it?"

"I shall not endure it!" said her husband; his face had grown almost careworn during the last two hours. "I shall send them packing tomorrow, and if ever he enters my house again—"

He brought his hand down on the table threateningly.

"But that will not help matters," said his wife, miserably. "He is ruined; we are disgraced; and everybody will know it.

There was a silence.

"I had pictured her to myself," said Mrs. Seely, beginning to sob, "as a young girl—a person of suitable age for my poor, misguided boy, decently educated, and at least a lady. And even then, when I did not doubt that it was such a one he had chosen, I thought myself the most unhappy creature in the world, because she had not wealth and an old name. Surely it is a judgment upon us. Oh, was there ever so dreadful a thing?"

"Probably not," said her husband, grimly.

It was a solemn group which waited in the dining-room, next morning, for the appearance of the newly-wedded couple.

There were marks of a tossing night on every face—in troubled brows, swollen lids and pale cheeks—and a general gloom prevailed.

Mr. Seely stood in front of the fireplace, watching the half-door with a stern face. He was master in his own house at least, and he was determined that it should not be disgraced by his son's wife for another hour.

"Please get them away before anybody comes, papa!" said Kitty. "It would be dreadful if anybody were to see her!"

"Dreadful!" Margery echoed, with a groan.

There were footsteps on the stairs.

Mrs. Seely turned with a shiver, and the girls caught their breath.

The hall door opened.

The waiting group looked up slowly. Would she not be still more terrible in the broad daylight—that artificial, simpering horror?

But it was not the sight they were prepared to see which the open door disclosed; it was not a painted powdered semblance of a woman who came in slowly, with a timid smile and downcast eyes.

It was a slender, sweet-faced young lady, with shining brown hair crowning a charming head, peachy cheeks, in which the color came and went, and soft, dark eyes, which studied the carpet in pretty timidity; with dainty, slippered feet, and a lace-trimmed wrapper, fitting snugly to a perfect form.

"Good morning," she said, gently.

Harvey had followed her closely.

"Well, Dora," he said, looking from one to another of his speechless relatives, quizzically, "they don't seem inclined to speak to you."

But Margery had come toward her hastily, and seized both of her hands.

"Was it you all the time?" cried Margery, joyfully. "And the gray hair was false, and the wrinkles were put on, and all that dreadful powder? Oh, Harvey, how could you?"

"I begged him not to," said the pretty bride, raising her dark eyes sweetly. "I told him it was cruel; and such a time as I had, saying all those shocking things he had taught me, and keeping my wig straight, and trying not to laugh! Shall you ever forget us?"

"Forgive you! Oh, my dear!" cried Mrs. Seely, incoherently.

And she hurried forward, with a sob of joy, and embraced her daughter-in-law wildly.

"It was rather rough," said Harvey, gaily. "I felt like a villain when I saw the way you all took it. But you know what you said, every one of you—that it 'couldn't be worse.' I thought I'd demonstrate to you that it could. Dora is 19 instead of 40; she can speak correctly when she makes an effort; and I can heartily recommend her for a 'willing and obliging,' good-tempered and thoroughly capable girl—the sweetest in the world."

Mr. Seely left the fireplace and came and clasped his daughter-in-law in his arms, with a beaming face, and Kitty kissed her effusively.

"It was a dreadful lesson," said Mrs. Seely, looking up with a tearful smile; "but I am afraid we needed it, my son."—Saturday Night.

A RACE FOR A MINE.

A Midwinter Dash to Locate the La Fleur Mine.

"An exciting race for a mine took place in February, 1896. For many years it had been known that the Colville Indian reservation was rich in minerals, and prospectors had slipped in, eluding the vigilance of the Indian police, to explore the mountains in northern Washington. But long before white men had entered the Indians knew that the top of a low mountain near the nation's border line was covered with bright blue stones, so gaudy that many were carried off and placed in the wigwams. The prospectors knew that these gay stones betokened the existence of copper veins, and many a hungry eye was cast at that rock-strewn patch of ground before the government lifted the ban that kept out paleface intruders.

"But congress passed a law opening part of the reservation to mineral location.

"Waiting for the president to sign the formal proclamation, two parties quietly entered the forbidden territory and camped alongside the promising vein. At Marcus, the nearest telegraph station, two young men waited with tense nerves for the first tick that would tell that the president had signed the proclamation. It was a cold, gray winter day, and the snow was piled high. Late in the afternoon the word came, and there was a simultaneous dash for the horses that were waiting outside. Then the race began. Plunging through drifts, tumbling down declines, toiling desperately up steep hills and bounding at full speed over the level stretches, these two horses bore their riders. Sometimes one was ahead and sometimes the other. The sun disappeared and the hurrying pair blundered along through the deepening twilight, and then in the light of the stars reflected by the glistening snow. Spurs were plunged so deep that flecks of blood stained the snow. Almost side by side they scrambled up the mountain. The yells of the riders were heard in the distance by the rival watchers, who did not wait a further hint, but drove the stakes that were to locate the La Fleur mine.

"Then followed wordy disputes, fist fights and the flourishing of Winchesters, but before the mine was christened with blood, one party concluded to withdraw and fight its battle in the courts."—Eugene B. Palmer, in Ainslee's Magazine.

Sued for Slandering a Cat.

An old lady living in Paris has brought an action for slander against a neighbor for speaking libelous things about her pet cat. She complains that her Tabby has been treated in a scandalous manner by the neighbor, who attributed to the depredations of pussy the disappearance of certain game and poultry which had been left lying outside the kitchen window. When the owner of the cat heard of the charges made against her pet she declared that whoever slandered her dear Tabby should go to court, if there was any law in France. She took out summons in due form, charging libel and slander against the cat. It was found soon after that the game and poultry had been stolen by a butcher's boy, and the neighbor, of course, apologized for the hard things she had said of the cat. But the owner of the pet still declares that she will "have the law on" the woman who slandered her cat.

When a Man Is Shocked.

The average girl may not be surprised when a man proposes to her, but it's a terrible shock to the average man when the girl accepts.—New York Press.

Telephone Service in Paris.

Of course, they are a benighted set in Paris, but when it comes to telephone conveniences they are a trifle in advance of us. For instance, everyone who is a subscriber there is furnished with a ticket which entitles him to use any public telephone at any hour of the day or night and for as long a time as it suits his purpose. Every instrument is attached to a desk, has a metal circuit and is provided with a most convenient receiver and transmitter combined, which enables the user to sit in whatever position he prefers and to be free to write when necessary.—International Magazine.

There Is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ¼ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

The revenue of the Dominion of Canada for last year was $51,029,994, of which $28,376,147 came from customs and $9,868,075 from excise, the remainder being collected from public works and railways, postoffices, etc. The expenditure was $42,975,279, and the surplus of $8,054,719 is the largest on record since confederation.

Lane's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50 cents.

There is a shingle combine in the State of Washington that embraces nearly all the manufacturers in that region, and prices have gone up about 30 per cent.

Lake Nicaragua is the largest fresh water lake between Lake Michigan and Lake Titicaca, in Peru.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price, 75c per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The extraordinary sum of $250,000,000 is being expended by the people of New York for public improvements.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Thirty-five prominent American sculptors will contribute to the embellishment of the grounds and buildings of the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo. They are at work on 125 original groups of statuary.

The Herb Cure For Headaches.

Unlike the majority of remedies for the cure of headaches, the Garfield Headache Powders contain nothing that can injure or derange the system; they are made from herbs.

In the police court in Cincinnati it has been decided that insanity caused by liquor is no excuse for crime.

Throw physic to the dogs—if you don't want the dogs; but if you want good digestion chew Beeman's Pepsin Gum.

There are irrigating ditches at Las Cruces, New Mexico, that have been in continuous service for three centuries.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Experiments are being made in India with the locust fungus in the hope of exterminating that pest.

DOWNFALLS

Sometimes in winter at every step there is danger of

SPRAINS
and
BRUISES

which cripple or hurt deeply, but at any time from whatever cause

St. Jacobs Oil

will cure surely and promptly

Worms IN CHILDREN ARE veritable demons, and must be removed or serious results follow. The medicine which for 60 years has held the record for successfully ridding children of these pests is Frey's Vermifuge—made entirely from vegetable products, containing no calomel. IT ACTS AS A TONIC. 25 cts. at druggists, country stores or by mail. E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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A WOMAN'S EXPEDIENT.

Clever Scheme to Enable a Prisoner to Cut His Way Out of Jail.

"Whenever I see that particular brand of canned peaches," said a New Orleans grocer, indicating a row of tins on the top shelf, "I am reminded of something very queer that happened here several years ago. One day in the summer of '96, if I remember rightly, a refined looking woman of about 30, dressed in deep mourning, came into the store and bought a couple of cans of California peaches of the brand I have just pointed out. She had a cab and took them with her, and I thought no more of the incident until she returned next day, carrying the tins in her hand. "I have a sick brother at ——," she said, naming a small town in Alabama, and was intending to send him these peaches, with a bundle of other things, yesterday. But, on second thought, I believe I will buy a few more delicacies and get you to ship them separately. There was nothing peculiar about the request and I assured her I would be glad to attend to the matter. She ordered four or five dollars' worth of different articles—jellies, olives, marmalade and so on—paid the bill and gave me her brother's name, directing the things to be sent to him in care of captain somebody or other, at the Alabama town which she mentioned before. As soon as she left, I got out a box and began to pack up the consignment; but as soon as I came to the peaches I noticed that the two cans which she had returned were both slightly 'blown,' as we call it in the trade. In other words, the tops bulged outward a trifle, indicating that a little fermentation had been going on. Not wishing to send a sick man anything but the best, I set them aside and put in two fresh cans from the shelf. The box was shipped by the first express.

"Nearly six months after this episode," continued the grocer, with twinkling eyes, "we were cleaning out our old stock and ran across those two cans of peaches. I picked up one of them carelessly, and, my hand being wet, a piece of the label came off. You may imagine my surprise to see a lot of small saws soldered to the side of the tin, and on further examination we found that they completely encircled the can, and that the other was in exactly the same condition. At that I began to have a faint inkling of the truth and lost no time making a few inquiries. I found that the Alabama captain was the sheriff of his county and the invalid brother had been one of his official guests. He was a burglar and had since been sent to prison for ten years. The scheme was pretty shrewd. In the first place, the sheriff would not be apt to be suspicious of a package of goods coming direct from a reputable business house, and, even if he opened the cans before giving them to the prisoner, there would be nothing wrong inside. The crook must have been bitterly disappointed when he examined the substitutes that I sent. The saws, as we afterward found out, were highly tempered and could cut stell bar like yellow pine. Who was the woman in black, did you ask? I have no idea; probably a sister, or wife, or sweetheart. I never laid eyes on her afterward."—The New Orleans Times-Democrat.

No Waiters to Be Tipped.

An American slot machine restaurant has been patented, and there need be no more tips to restaurant waiters. Hot meals may be furnished in less than one minute by simply dropping a coin in the slot at a Chicago eating house.

When a customer seats himself in a certain restaurant there he finds in a metallic frame in front of him a bill of fare, arranged in a new kind of slot machine, made of coins of all denominations, from five cents to $1. The price of each article of food is stated on the bill of fare, and opposite each article is the appropriate slot, in which the customer inserts a coin of the proper denomination. In a minute a tray appears before the customer, and with his own hands he takes off the articles he has automatically ordered.—Philadelphia Record.

What Joachim Wanted.

Robert Browning and Joachim met one evening at a friendly gathering in London. The violinist had "obliged" without satisfying certain ladies, who entreated the poet to obtain from him another solo. Browning, feeling the delicacy of his task, discharged it diplomatically, and spoke, as sometimes he wrote, so as to conceal his thoughts; while the violinist, not understanding, bowed and smiled, and did not play. As they left the house, Joachim asked, "What did you mean just now?" "Oh," said the poet, "I wanted you to give us some more music." "Then why did you not come and say, 'Joe, old boy, give us another tune'?" returned the amiable violinist.—Argonaut.

An Aged Missouri Mule.

There is a mule at Torkia, Mo., 47 years old, and he is still hale and hearty and able to do a good day's work.

The legal rate of interest in Canada is now 5 per cent., the reduction from 6 per cent. having been made by a statute of the Dominion which went into effect January 1.

Astronomers figure out that the diameter of the earth at the equator varies 3,048 feet, so that our planet is not only flattened at the poles, but slightly squeezed in the middle.

Umbrellas were not known in this country until a year or so before the Revolutionary war, and it was more than a century thereafter that they came into general use.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15 and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

Anticipating the repeal of the State wolf bounty law, a number of stockmen in the Bad river section of South Dakota have contributed a handsome sum from their pockets and will keep up the warfare. The State has expended $30,000 for wolf scalps and the present Legislature is not expected to keep up the appropriation.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once, delays are dangerous.

During the past year there was an increase of nearly $30,000 in the value of monkey skins exported from the Gold Coast. It is estimated that at least 1,000,000 monkeys were killed in that district alone.

The average depth of the ocean is a little less than three miles, or 15,000 feet.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

It is claimed that Canada furnishes over 40 per cent. of the nickel of the world.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

MAKE no mistake! See that my head is on every package of

LION COFFEE

you buy. It guarantees its purity. No coffee is

LION COFFEE

unless it is in a 1 pound sealed packet with the head of a lion on the front. Then you get pure coffee—the highest grade for the money.

Watch our next advertisement.

Why has

LION COFFEE

now become the leader of all package coffees? And why is it used in millions of homes?

Because it does not sail under false colors. It is an absolutely clean, pure coffee. No glazing, no coating with egg mixtures or chemicals in order to hide imperfections.

Just try a package of

LION COFFEE

and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

In every package of **LION COFFEE** you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

WHEN WRINKLES COME.

Departing HEALTH and BEAUTY Called Back by

Dr. Greene's Nervura

YOUR mirror will tell you the bitter truth.

Healthy women look younger than their age, but you look far too old for your years.

Time deals lightly with the woman in good health, but the wasting hand of sickness and disease spares neither your youthful looks, beauty, nor complexion.

The Creator has endowed every woman with beauty, and every woman in good health is beautiful and comely to look upon. A clear, fresh, wholesome look is the result of the possession of good health, and no woman can be beautiful and attractive without good health. The dull, dead, gnawing pain, the sense of nervousness, weakness, oppression, and discouragement, the tired, listless, languid feeling, the shooting pains, the aching head, the pain in the back, all these are symptoms of a disordered system, and all these are beauty-killers, producers of dull leaden complexions, unnatural flushings, dark circles under the eyes, humors, eruptions, blackheads, lustreless eyes, and other disfigurements which divest women of their natural gift of beauty.

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA Makes Health and Happiness

Why be homely when you can be beautiful and attractive?

Get good health and with it those looks and attributes which attract, please, and fascinate. It is within your power to do so, for it is within every woman's power to be well and strong, and hence look her best, if she will use Dr. Greene's Nervura to give her strong, vigorous nerves, pure, rich blood, a clear complexion, and thus restore the energies and vitality of sound and perfect health.

Good health means youthful good looks to every woman, and it behooves women to restore and maintain their health by taking that greatest and best of all health restoratives, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will build up the health, cleanse and purify the complexion, restore brilliancy to the eye, make rich, red blood and strong, steady, and vigorous nerves. Dr. Greene's Nervura will make you look and feel young and restore your energies, vivacity, and enjoyment of life.

MRS. KATE AUSTIN, 40 Jenny Lind Ave., Somerville, Mass., says:

"I had a pain in my side for seventeen years. I also suffered with terrible backache and headache; such an awful headache, and I had not a bit of appetite. I cried with pain from womb trouble, and was as pale as a ghost. I was terribly nervous. I could not sleep for a long time, and had rheumatism in my shoulder and arm. I suffered everything; nobody but God knows how I suffered. I weighed 128 pounds. A friend recommended Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and I commenced to take it. I was so weak and run down that the first bottle did not do me much good, but I kept on, and the second bottle did me good and I began to gain. After taking the Nervura I never had a pain in my side, nor any headache, and I sleep well and have a good appetite. I don't believe there is any medicine in the world so good as Dr. Greene's Nervura. It did me good right off and I have had no return of my womb trouble. I had leucorrhœa, but since taking Nervura that has disappeared. I feel strong, and last summer was able to do the work for fourteen in a family, and I weigh 163 pounds. I was so weak before, nobody knows how I worked, but I had to work for my children. I sent two bottles of Nervura to my brother in Nova Scotia, and it did him lots of good. I recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura to every one."

Ill Health Destroys Beauty and Happiness. DR. GREENE'S NERVURA Makes You Well and Restores Your Good Looks.

Women have absolute confidence in Dr. Greene's Nervura, more so than in any other remedy, because it is purely vegetable and a famous regular physician prepares it, which is a guarantee that it is perfectly adapted to cure. As an additional assurance of cure, Dr. Greene, 35 W. 14th St., New York City, gives you the privilege of consulting him without charge or cost, either by calling or writing about your case.

Eastern oysters do not reproduce well in the colder waters of Oregon and Washington. An attempt is to be made, therefore, to acclimate there the fine large oysters of Northern Japan.

The salt production in Michigan last year filled 4,820,865 barrels, a gain over the preceding year of 5,416 barrels.

Yale and Harvard universities are negotiating with Cambridge and Oxford for an international athletic contest to take place in America.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Safest, surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

DR. SHAFER The Urine Specialist (Water Doctor) can detect and explain the most complicated chronic disease by the urine; if curable, treat it successfully by mail. Send 4 cents for mailing case for urine. Consultation, analysis of urine; report and book on this new science, free. J. F. SHAFER, M. D., 423 Penn Ave, First Floor, Pittsburg, Pa.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

25 CTS **PISO'S CURE FOR** CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. **CONSUMPTION** 25 CTS

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Peter Geiser, inventor of the Geiser grain separator, died suddenly Monday night at his home in Waynesboro, aged 75 years.

Henry Mollison, an aged citizen of Abbottstown, died at 2 o'clock Wednesday morning after an illness of two weeks. He is survived by his wife, one brother and two sisters.

H. Clayton Miller, son of Wm. Miller, of Abbottstown, and Miss Sarah Gulden, daughter of L. Gulden and wife, of Hanover, will be married at the home of the bride this Thursday evening at 8 o'clock by Rev. J. C. Koller.

A fire occurred about 12 o'clock Tuesday night at the home of William Carbaugh, at Lilly's dam, on the Samuel Jenkins farm near Irishtown, which resulted in damage to the amount of $25. The fire originated from a stove which came in contact with a joist near the chimney. The loss stated above consisted of clothing, etc.

All persons knowing themselves indebted the undersigned will please call and make settlement on or before April 1st, 1901. I will be at the mill on Monday, March 25th. M. D. DIEHL.

The eleven-months-old- child of Harry Barton, at Hagerstown, was attacked by a large rat while sleeping in its crib, and was so badly injured that grave doubts of its recovery are entertained.

In court at Harrisburg Friday, a man who claimed $5,000 for alleged slander, received one dollar, and in another a woman who had asked $5,000 for an alleged hugging was awarded six cents.

A circular has been issued by President G. W. Perkins, of the Cigarmakers' International Union, to the local cigarmakers unions, calling attention to the fact that bogus union cigar labels are being used by a great many firms.

The Western Maryland Railroad handled 2,019 carloads of freight between Cherry Run and Shippensburg, Sunday. In 24 hours 25 heavily loaded trains were sent over the Altenwald cut-off.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—A good two-story house and stable with six acres of land, along Berlin road, Hamilton township, 1½ miles from New Oxford. Possession given April 1st. For particulars address HENRY STOCK, New Oxford, Pa.

The directors of the Reformed Church reunion at Pen-Mar met in Gettysburg Tuesday and fixed Thursday, July 18, as the date for the annual reunion.

On the program which was arranged, will be Vice-President Theodore Roosevelt, who is a member of the Refomed Church; Rev. J. M. Muller, of Baltimore, and Rev. Mr. Stine, pastor of Grace Church, York, Pa.

Vice Chancellor Stevens denied the applications for a permanent injunction to restrain the stockholders of the American smelting and refining company from increasing the capital stock from $65,000,000 to $100,000,000.

WHAT'S YOUR FACE WORTH?—Sometimes a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion, a jaundice look, moth patches and blotches on the skin,—all signs of Liver Trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills give Clear Skin, Rosy Cheeks, Rich Complexion. Only 25c at Wehler's drug store.

George W. Gooding, Cumberland, Md., claims that he was during the civil war a member of Company B, Mosby's battalion, and claims a part of the $2,000,000 which, it is stated, was left by Baron von Mascow to be distributed among Mosby's men.

The Mountain City mills company's large elevator in Frederick city containing 40,000 bushels of wheat and corn, was totally destroyed by fire early Monday morning. Loss $55,000, partially covered by insurance. The plant of the Fout Spoke and Bending works, adjoining the elevator, sustained damage to the extent of $5,000 The origin of the fire is unknown.

The body of John T. Kimmel, a farmer, of Hampden township, Cumberland county was found hanging in a shed on his farm Sunday morning. Mr. Kimmel had left home about the middle of the week, stating that he was going to visit his mother at Camphill, and nothing was seen or heard of him until he was found dead. The cause for the suicide is supposed to have been financial trouble.

GENERAL MARKETS.

Philadelphia, March 13.—Flour firm, winter superfine, $2.25@2.50; Pennsylvania roller, clear, $3.10@3.25; city mills, extra, $2.60@2.80. Rye flour dull but steady at $2.90 per barrel for choice Pennsylvania. Wheat dull; No. 2 red, spot, 73@73¾c. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed, spot, 45½@45¾c.; No. 2 yellow, for local trade, 47½@47¾c. Oats quiet; No. 2 white, clipped, 32c.; lower grades, 28@32c. Hay steady; choice timothy, $16.50@17 for large bales. Beef steady; beef hams, $19@19.50. Pork firmer; family, $16.50@17; mess, $15.25@16.25. Lard firm; western steamed, $8.20. Live poultry quoted at 11@11½c. for fowls, 8c. for old roosters, 10½@11½c. for young chickens, 13c. for ducks, 10@11c. for turkeys and 11@12c. for geese. Dressed poultry at 10½@11c. for choice fowls, 7@8c. for old roosters, 25@30c. for nearby broilers, 13@14c. for large western capons, 11½@12c. for fancy young western turkey hens, 11@12c. for choice to fancy western ducks and 7@8c. for western geese. Butter firm; fresh creamery, 16@22c.; factory, 16@14½c.; held creamery, 12@19½c.; imitation creamery, 14@18½c.; New York dairy, fresh, 15@21c.; fancy Pennsylvania prints jobbing at 24@25c.; do. wholesale, 22c.

On Saturday, April 6th, Mrs. Catharine Diehl will sell a large lot of personal property at public sale at Diehl's mill, Oxford township.

HE FOOLED THE SURGEON.—All doctors told Renick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering 18 months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with Bucklin's Arnica Salve, the best in the world. Surest Pile cure on Earth. 25c a box, at Wehler's drug store.

The stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad at a meeting in Philadelphia, Tuesday, decided to increase the capital stock from $151,700,000 to $251,700,000.

A FIENDISH ATTACK.—An attack was lately made on C. F. Collier of Cherokee, Iowa, that nearly proved fatal. It came through his kidneys. His back got so lame he could not stoop without great pain, nor sit in a chair except propped by cushions No remedy helped him until he tried Electric Bitters which effected such a wonderful change that he writes he feels like a new man. This marvelous medicine cures backache and kidney trouble, purifies the blood and builds up your health. Only 50c at Randolph Wehler's drug store.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF AMELIA SMITH.—The undersigned, Executor of the last will and testament of Miss Amelia Smith, late of Conewago township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN KERRIGAN, Executor.

3-1-6t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Rosa J. Harner, late of McSherrystown Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

The undersigned Executor of the last will and testament of Rosa J. Harner, late of McSherrystown Borough, Adams County, Pa., dec'd, hereby gives notice to all persons knowing themselves indebted thereto to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

C. D. SMITH, Executor.

C. E. Ehrehart, Atty. McSherrystown, Pa.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Caroline Bievenour, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., dec'd.

Letters of Administration on the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned, residing in same township, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted thereto to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH L. BIEVENOUR, Administrator

2-22-6t

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of David Bievenour, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

Letters of administration on the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned, residing in same township, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted thereto to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH L. BIEVENOUR, Administrator.

2-22-6t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Plank, late of Reading township, Adams county, Pa., dec'd.

THE undersigned, Executor of the last will and testament of John Plank, late of Reading township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN MORITZ, Executor, Hampton, Pa.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Mrs. Lydia Menges, late of Oxford township, Adams County, Pa., deceased.

Letters of Administration on the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them properly authenticated for payment, and those indebted thereto will please make immediate settlement

PETER MENGES,
DANIEL MENGES, Administrators.

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm name of G. W. SMITH & Co., in the Borough of New Oxford, Adams county, Pa., has been mutually dissolved this 15th day of January, 1901. All persons knowing themselves indebted thereto will please make settlement, and those having claims to present them for payment.

EMMA M. SMITH
G. W. SMITH.

The business will be continued in all its branches, as heretofore, by the undersigned.

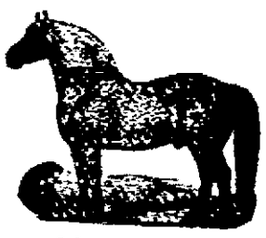
G. W. SMITH.

PUBLIC SALE!

40 HEAD OF

W. Va., Horses,

AT ABBOTTSTOWN.



Saturday, March 23rd, 1901.

The undersigned will sell at public sale at his stables in Abbottstown, 40 head of fine West Virginia Horses.—speedy drivers, saddlers and generl purpose horses. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock p. m. Terms by

F. E. HAFER.

Tobacco Farmers

Special Notice!

We have Secured Nearly 10,000 Yards

Yard Wide, Extra Good Tobacco Muslin which we will sell 'till closed out at

2½c, 3c, and 4c a Yard.

A RARE CHANCE.

6,000 yards of this Muslin, yard wide and 6c goods, is slightly damaged on the ends by fire, smoke and water, was bought by us at Half Price, and its yours 'till sold for just Half Price—namely

3c Yard.

Bear's Department Store, - York.

1847. 54 YEARS IN BUSINESS. 1901.

We take pleasure in announcing the arrival of our

SPRING CLOTHING

for MEN, BOYS & CHILDREN

Our Specialties.—Plain and Russian Blouses Norfolks and Vestee Suits for Children.

REHMYER & BRO.,

...THE OLD RELIABLE,...

5 EAST MARKET ST., - - YORK, PA.

WENTZ & BRO.,

33 Baltimore St., Hanover, Pa.

Specials.

We are at this time making Special Offerings in Dress Goods. Never in our time have we had such an assortment of fine and up-to-date line of

DRESS GOODS.

Our line of Irunellas are one of the leading fabrics for Easter Costumes, we have all the latest shades. Also a full line of Silk Warp Bastistes; Silk Warp Henriettas; Albatross in all the best shades, or for a light weight Spring Eton Jacket see our Cheviots, Venetians and Colored Broadcloth. Our

Lining and Trimming

is very complete.

WENTZ & BRO.,

Potatoes.

Another lot of those fine Potatoes received yesterday and are selling at a very low price. Leave your orders and have them delivered.

Pitchers.

Having a large line of Pitchers on hand, of all kinds, we are so situated to sell them at very low prices.

Set Dishes.—A large line of Dishes by the set, received to-day, and are selling at the very lowest prices.

Leave your orders for Potatoes and Groceries and have them delivered to-day.

M. S. Hiteshew, ON THE SQUARE

:-: THEO. E. WARNER :-:

HAS MADE

A BIG DROP IN BEEF

by the Quarter, for the Fall season, at his Meat Store next to Sheely & Bro.'s dry goods store, CENTER SQUARE, NEW OXFORD.

On account of the drop in the cattle market I am able to sell beef, by the quarter and half quarter at the following prices:

Hind Quarter 8 to 9c. Front Quarter 6 to 6 1-2c.

Neck and Chuck for sausage 7 to 8c. Any one needing Sausage Meat will save money by comming to see me before buying elsewhere.

Will pay 6c per pound for Pork this week.

I am buying beef hides and paying from 6 to 8c per lb for them this week.

☞Don't forget and come to see me for Beef this fall.

To Cure a Cold In One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

BIBLES.

Any one wishing to procure a Bible or Testament—most any style, can get the same by calling at Wehler's Drug Store where they have been placed on sale.

REV. F. HESSE.

Furniture. :-:

AT

Sacrifice Prices.

The undersigned intending to quit the Furniture business, will sell his immense stock of a

FULL LINE OF FURNITURE AT SACRIFICING PRICES, . .

regardless of cost. Persons who intend begining housekeeping, and others, should by all means avail themselves of this grand opportunity. Remember my stock is

FIRST-CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE.

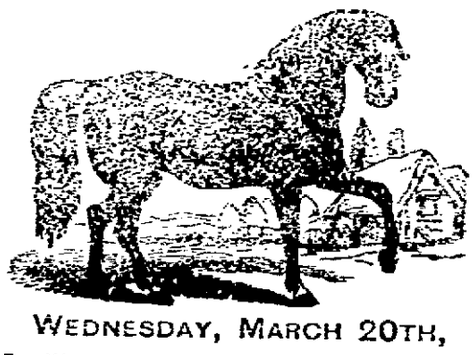
of the Latest Styles and Patterns. A cordial invitation is extended to all to call and examine this stock.

M. R. BAUGHMAN.

113 Baltimore St., HANOVER, PA.

Horses & Mules

AT LITTLESTWN.



WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20TH,

I will receive at my stables in Littlestown, Pa., 20 head of Extra Fine Horses and Mares, a number of them are good single line driver.

Also 20 head of fine broken Mules, weighing from 1,000 to 1,400 lbs. Any person wishing to buy or exchange will miss a great opportunity by failing to look over this stock.

H. A. SPALDING,
Littlestown, Pa.

Western Maryland Railroad

—CONNECTING WITH—

P. & R. R. at Shippensburg and Gettysburg; Norfolk & Western R. R. at Hagerstown; B. & O. R. R. at Hagerstown and Cherry Run; Penna. R. R. at Bruceville and Hanover, and P. W. & B., N. C. and B. & P. Railroads at Union Station, Baltimore, Md.

BALTIMORE & HARRISBURG DIVISION

Schedule in effect Sept. 30, 1900.

READ DOWNWARD			STATIONS.	READ UPWARD		
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
—	5 54	—	Le Willmsp't Ar	—	—	8 21
2 07	7 02	—	Hagerstown	12 05	—	8 09
2 35	7 32	—	Ar Edg'mont Le	11 40	—	7 34
—	6 00	—	Le Ship'nsb'g Ar	1 00	—	8 56
1 45	6 25	—	Chambersburg	12 34	—	8 28
2 18	7 01	—	Waynesboro	11 57	—	7 52
2 35	7 25	—	Ar Edg'mont Le	11 40	—	7 35
2 41	7 35	—	Le Edg'mont Ar	11 37	—	7 24
2 53	7 48	—	Ar Highfield Le	11 24	—	7 19
2 56	7 50	—	Le Highfield Ar	11 20	—	7 16
3 24	8 15	—	Fairfield	10 52	—	6 48
3 33	8 24	—	Orrtanna	10 42	—	6 37
3 38	8 28	—	McKnightstown	10 38	—	6 32
3 42	8 32	—	Seven Stars	10 38	P. M	6 29
3 25	8 42	—	Gettysburg	10 25	1 19	5 29
4 15	9 04	—	New Oxford	10 04	12 57	5 55
4 18	9 07	A. M	Berlin Junction	10 01	12 54	5 52
4 31	9 20	6 00	Hanover	9 49	12 43	5 39
4 45	9 35	6 16	Porters	9 34	12 30	5 25
4 51	9 49	6 25	Sinsheim	9 23	12 20	5 20
5 01	9 51	6 27	Green Ridge	9 18	12 13	5 13
5 03	9 58	6 29	Glenville	9 16	12 11	5 11
5 12	10 05	6 39	Lineboro	9 07	12 02	5 00
5 20	10 14	6 48	Alesia	9 00	11 54	4 50
5 31	10 17	7 00	Green Mount	8 49	11 43	4 40
5 35	10 23	7 05	Hampstead	8 45	11 39	4 37
5 42	10 32	7 13	Arcadia	8 38	11 32	4 30
5 54	10 32	7 25	Woodensburg	8 27	11 21	4 19
5 58	10 35	7 30	Ar Em'y Gro Le	8 23	11 17	4 15
6 00	10 37	7 37	Le Em'y Gro Ar	8 21	11 15	4 15
6 57	11 20	8 35	Ar Baltimor Le	7 22	10 12	3 32
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M

Mixed Train leave Highfield daily except Sunday 11.40 a. m., stopping at intermediate points, arriving Hanover 4.05 p. m.

BERLIN BRANCH.—DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. Leave Hanover for Berlin Junction at 6.08 and 9.52 a. m. and 12.45 and 5.42 p. m. Leave Berlin Junction for Abbottstown and East Berlin at 6.45 and 10.01 a. m., 12.55 and 5.52 p. m.

Leave East Berlin for Berlin Junction at 6.00, 8.35 a. m. and 11.30 a. m. and 3.45 p. m. Leave Berlin Junction for Hanover at 9.07 a. m. and 12.04 and 4.18 p. m.

HANOVER JUNCTION BRANCH.—Leave New Oxford for Hanover Junction and intermediate stations at 12.00 m. daily except Sunday, and leave Hanover Junction for Hanove and intermediate stations at 1.30 p. m. daily except Sunday

EASTERN EXTENSION B. & H. DIVISION—Leave Porters for York and intermediate stations at 7.30 and 9.38 a. m., and 12.24 and 5.27 p. m. Leave York for Porters and intermediate stations at 9.00 and 12.00 a.m., and 4.10 and 6.36 p.m.

ON SUNDAYS ONLY.—Leave Hanover for Baltimore and intermediate stations at 6.30 a.m

Leave Baltimore for Hanover and intermediate stations at 9.35 a.m

POTOMAC VALLEY RAIL ROAD.—Leave Hagerstown for Charlton, Clear Spring, Big Pool and Cherry Run at 8.10 a. m., and 12.08 and 8.05 p. m. Leave Cherry Run for Hagerstown and intermediate stations at 5.20 and 9.40 a. m., and 5.45 p.m.

CONNECTIONS AT CHERRY RUN, W. VA B. and O. passenger trains leave Cherry Run for Cumberland and intermediate points, daily, at 8.51 a. m. Cincinnati, St. Louis and Chicago Express, daily, at 12.50 p. m. Chicago Express, daily, at 10.39 p. m.

J. M. HOOD, General Manager.
S. M. MANIFOLD, Supt. B. & H. Div.

E. H. GRISWOLD, Gen'l Passenger Agt
JOSEPH BEIB, Div. Passenger Agt.

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